

Model Name: P566KVN01.1

Issue Date: 2025/05/19

()Preliminary Specifications (*)Final Specifications

Customer Sigr	nature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By	For AV	NE 20250	Approval By PM Director	
Note		olay P	Reviewed By RD Director Lamy Chen	
			Reviewed By Project Leader Mingyw Ww	
		0/	Prepared By PM $SJJ\dot{\nu}$	



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
1.0	2021/10/27	All	First Version Released
1.1	2022/12/22	29	Revise panel label and carton label
1.2	2024/11/06	6	Revise 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings - Operating Temperature
1.2	2024/11/06	10	4.1 Input power : removed H-Stripe
1.2	2024/11/06	27	Revise 8. Reliability Test condition
1.3	2025/05/19	4, 6	Revise LED MTTF to MTBF:100Khours, and Note 4 description
1.3	2025/05/19	4, 6	Update Sunglasses Readability and note 3
1.3	2025/05/19	28	Add MTBF test items in Chapter 8 Reliability Test Items
1.3	2025/05/19	34	Revise 11.3 A. Operating temperature: -20~60 °C
1.3	2025/05/19	36	Update 12. Appendix: Content Format
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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 56.6 inch Color TFT-LCD Module P566KVN01.1. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 3840 x 430 pixels, and diagonal size of 56.6 inch. This module supports 3840 x 2160 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

P566KVN01.1 has been designed to apply the 8 lane V by one interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important. Special material applied into this model are:

- 1. Liquid crystal: Advanced wide temperature LC(-40°C ~110°C)
- 2. Polarizer: Wide temperature polarizer (95°C)

* General Information

* General Information			
Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	56.6	inch	
Display Area	1428.48(H) x 159.96(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1451.28(H) x 182.76(V) x 26.4(D)	mm	D: front bezel to D/B cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit + FRC (1.07 billion)	Colors	
Number of Pixels	3840x430	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.372 (H) x 0.372 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black	10	
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H	SIL	Haze = 28%
Rotate Function	Unachievable	168	Note 1
Display Orientation	Portrait/Landscape Enabled	9,	Note 2
Sunglasses Readability	Landscape Mode	61	Note 3
Operating Time	24/7		See Chapter 11.3 for details
Frame Rate	60	Hz	See Chapter 5.1 for details
MTBF	100K	hours	See Chapter 8 for details and Note 4

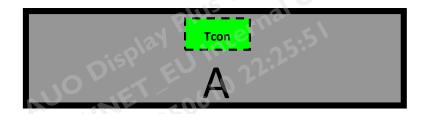


Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate. This function does not work in this model.

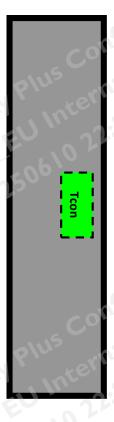
Note 2:

- (1) Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side on the upper side and the image is shown upright via viewing from the front.
- (2) Portrait Mode: The default placement is that T-Con side has to be placed on the right side via viewing from the front.

Landscape (Front view)



Portrait (Front view)





Note 3:

The image can be seen via polarized sunglasses while this panel is placed in landscape or portrait mode.

Display Orientation:







Note 4

MTBF is a reference index, it is not representative of warranty. Thermal acceleration factor based on Arrhenius model with eV = 0.6 @ Ambient temp 25C/50%



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

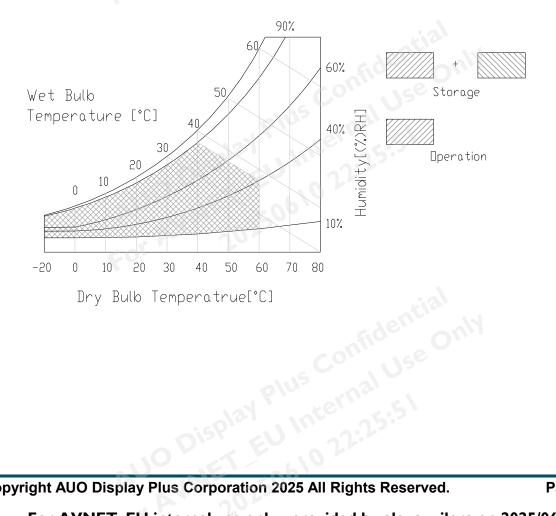
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	-20	60	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 □ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 □ or less. At temperatures greater than 40□, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39□.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition

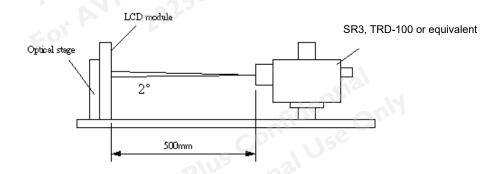




3. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500 mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0° .

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Danamatan	O. made al		Values		1.1:4	Mataa
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contra	st Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface	e Luminance (White)	Lwh	560	700		cd/m ²	2
Lumina	ance Variation	б wніте(9Р)			1.33		3
Respoi	nse Time (G to G)	Тү		8	16	ms	4
Color C	Gamut	NTSC		72	14	%	
Gamm	a	Gma	1.9	2.2	2.5		
Color C	Coordinates		Co	, Use			
	Red	R _X	5/01	0.650			
		Ry	'inte	0.337	-		
	Green	G _X) " n	0.325			
		Gy	Turn 0.02	0.611	Turn 10.02		
	Blue	Bx	Typ0.03	0.153	Typ.+0.03		
	E01 P	B _Y		0.077			
	White	Wx		0.313			
		W _Y		0.329	al		
Viewin	g Angle			, sent			5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θr	85	89	0.7	degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι	85	89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}	85	89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$	85	89		degree	



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. LED current I_F = typical value (without driver board), LED input VDDB =24V, I_{DDB}. = Typical value (with driver board), L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: δ_{WHITE(9P)}= Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on9})
- 4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on Frame rate = 60Hz to optimize.

Mea	asured		plus	Target		
Respo	nse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

T_Y is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

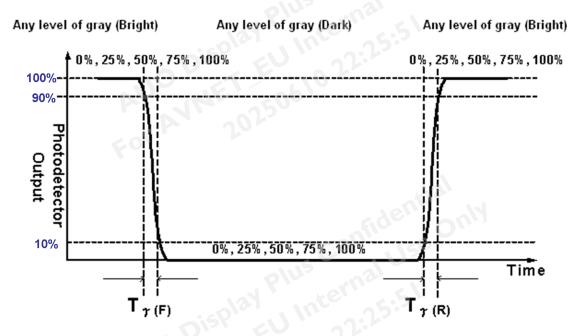
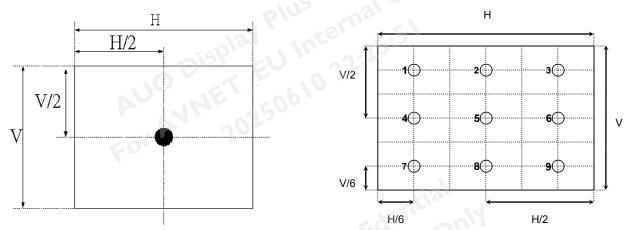


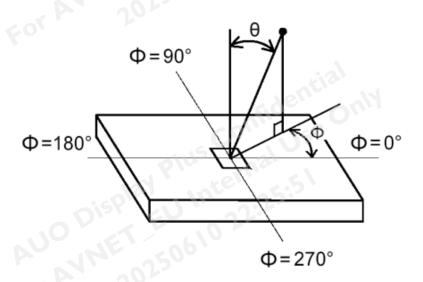


FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle





4. Interface Specification

4.1 Input power

The P566KVN01.1 module requires power inputs which are employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

Item	0 27 7	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Input Voltage	14/2 250	V_{DD}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	1
Power Supply Input Current	Black pattern	I	-	0.66	0.792	Α	
Power Supply Input Current	White pattern	I _{DD}	-	0.73	0.876	Α	2
Power Consumption	Black pattern	Pc	-	7.92	9.50	Watt	2
Power Consumption	White pattern	FC	- 0	8.76	10.50	Watt	
Inrush Current		Irush	60	$\Theta_{i,j}$	5.00	Α	3

Note1. The ripple voltage should be fewer than 5% of VDD.

Note2. Test Condition:

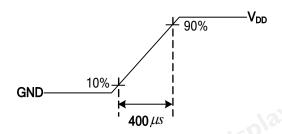
- (1) V_{DD} = 12.0V, (2) F_{V} = 60Hz, (3) F_{Clk} = 74.25MHz, (4) T_{Clk} Temperature = 25 T_{Clk}
- (5) Power dissipation check pattern. (Only for power design)
- a. Black pattern



b. White pattern



Note3. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



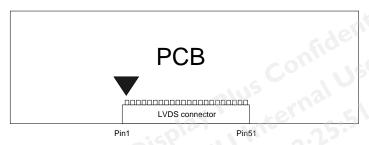


4.2 Input Connection

■ LCD connector: (JAE) SJ11346-FI-RTE51SZ-HF, (P2)187059-51221-1,(Starconn)115E51-0000RA-M3-R

PIN	Symbol	Description	Note	PIN	Symbol	Description	Note
1	V_{DD}	12Vin	Int	26	LOCKN	Vx1 LOCK	
2	V_{DD}	12Vin		27	GND	Ground	
3	V_{DD}	12Vin	6/0	28	RX0N	Vx1 lane 0	
4	V_{DD}	12Vin		29	RX0P	Vx1 lane 0	
5	V_{DD}	12Vin		30	GND	Ground	
6	V_{DD}	12Vin		31	RX1N	Vx1 lane 1	
7	V_{DD}	12Vin		32	Rx1P	Vx1 lane 1	
8	V_{DD}	12Vin		33	GND	Ground	
9	N.C.	No connection	2	34	RX2N	Vx1 lane 2	
10	GND	Ground	.15	35	RX2P	Vx1 lane2	
11	GND	Ground		36	GND	Ground	
12	GND	Ground	100	37	RX3N	Vx1 lane 3	
13	GND	Ground		38	RX3P	Vx1 lane 3	
14	GND	Ground	6	39	GND	Ground	
15	N.C.	No connection		40	RX4N	Vx1 lane 4	
16	N.C.	No connection		41	RX4P	Vx1 lane 4	
17	N.C.	No connection	2	42	GND	Ground	
18	N.C.	No connection	2	43	RX5N	Vx1 lane 5	
19	N.C.	No connection	2	44	RX5P	Vx1 lane 5	
20	N.C.	No connection	2	45	GND	Ground	
21	N.C.	No connection	2	46	RX6N	Vx1 lane 6	
22	N.C.	No connection	2	47	RX6P	Vx1 lane 6	
23	N.C.	No connection	2	48	GND	Ground	
24	GND	Ground	, 0	49	RX7N	Vx1 lane 7	
25	HTPDN	Vx1 HTPDN	6	50	RX7P	Vx1 lane 7	
		VA, 2053	Tr.	51	GND	Ground	

Note1. Pin number start from the left side as the following figure.



Note2. Please leave this pin unoccupied. It cannot be connected with any signal (Low/GND/High).

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4.3 Input Data Format

4.3.1 V by one color data mapping

Mode	Packer ir	nput & Unpacker output	30bpp RGB / YCbCr444 (10bit)
		D[0]	R/Cr[2]
		D[1]	R/Cr[3]
	~U ^C	D[2]	R/Cr[4]
	Puto 0	D[3]	R/Cr[5]
	Byte0	D[4]	R/Cr[6]
		D[5]	R/Cr[7]
		D[6]	R/Cr[8]
		D[7]	R/Cr[9]
		D[8]	G/Y[2]
		D[9]	G/Y[3]
		D[10]	G/Y[4]
	Durin 4	D[11]	G/Y[5]
	Byte1	D[12]	G/Y[6]
	A	D[13]	G/Y[7]
<u>9</u>	205	D[14]	G/Y[8]
4byte mode	For	D[15]	G/Y[9]
yte		D[16]	B/Cb[2]
4b		D[17]	B/Cb[3]
		D[18]	B/Cb[4]
	D. do O	D[19]	B/Cb[5]
	Byte2	D[20]	B/Cb[6]
		D[21]	B/Cb[7]
	.(D[22]	B/Cb[8]
	VO.	D[23]	B/Cb[9]
		D[24]	
	Eo,	D[25]	
		D[26]	B/Cb[0]
	D. # = 0	D[27]	B/Cb[1]
	Byte3	D[28]	G/Y[0]
		D[29]	G/Y[1]
		D[30]	R/Cr[0]
		D[31]	R/Cr[1]



4.3.2 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

														lr	put	Col	or [Data	1												
	Color					RI	ΞD					0				GRI	ΞEΝ	ı								BL	UE				
		MS	B			_1				L	SB	M	SB		ı	l .				LS	SB	MS	SB	1	1			1	1	L	SI
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	B8	B7	B6	B5	В4	ВЗ	B2	В1	В
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	C
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
R																															
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
G																															
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
В												•••••																			
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	(
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(



5. Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Input Timing

5.1.1. Timing table

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	2200	2250	2715	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)	100	2160		
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	40	90	555	Th
	Period	Th	530	550	600	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	5:5	480		
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	50	70	120	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	66	74.25	77	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135	139.2	KHz

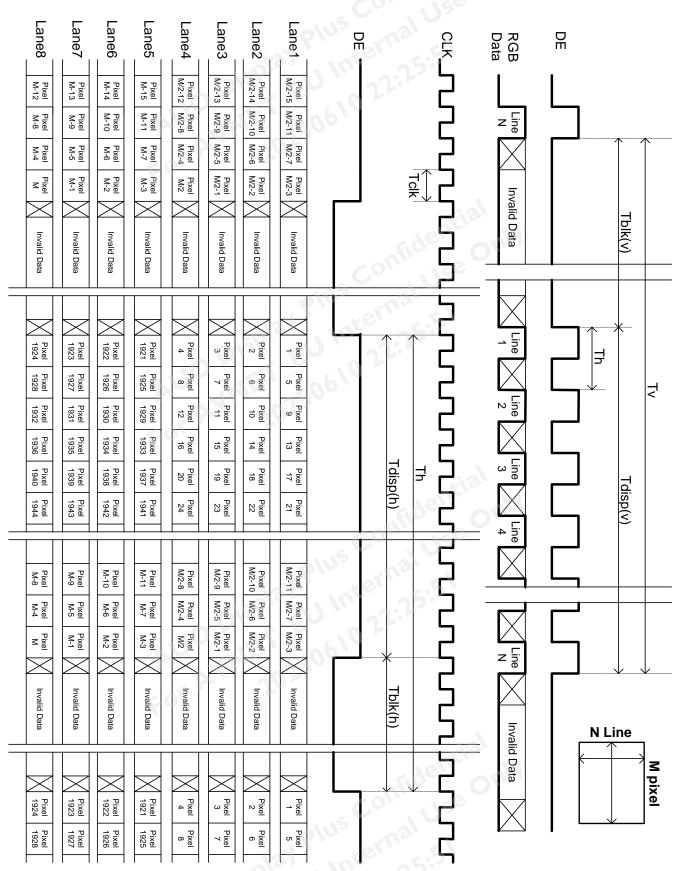
Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only. Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 3840 DCLK or less than 2160 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



5.1.2. Signal Timing Waveform

Two Section Mode





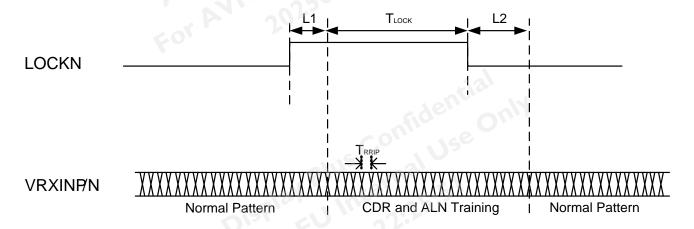
5.2 Input interface characteristics

V by One spec

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
	VRXINP/N input each bit Period	T _{RRIP} (UI)	310	-	379	ps	1
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -0.5%	I	Fclk +0.5%	MHz	2
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss		30		KHz	2
	CDR training pattern time	T _{LOCK}		500		us	1
	Latency from LOCKN 'HIGH' to clock training pattern	L1	0	- la		us	1
	Latency from LOCKN 'LOW' to normal 8b10b data	L2	195 L	O'T'	70	us	1
	CML Differential Input High Threshold	V_{RTH}	+50			mV_{DC}	
V-by-one	CML Differential Input Low Threshold	V_{RTL}			-50	mV _{DC}	
Interface	CML Common mode Bias Voltage	V _{RCT}	0.8	0.9	1.0	Vdc	
	Intra-pair skew	TINTRA			0.3	UI	3
	Inter-pair skew	TINTER			5	UI	4
	DO WE SO	A_X		0.25		UI	
	For AVNE 20250	A_Y		0		mV	
		B_X		0.3		UI	
		B_Y		50		mV	
		C_X		0.7		UI	
	Eye diagram at receiver	C_Y		50		mV	5
	Lye diagram at receiver	D_X	A-61	0.75		UI	
		D_Y		0		mV	
		E_X	1-156	0.7		UI	
	2/1/2	E_Y		-50		mV	
	The state of the s	F_X		0.3		UI	
	20/21	F_Y	5	-50		mV	

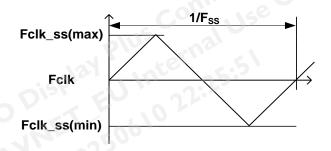
Note:

1. V-by-one Signal diagram

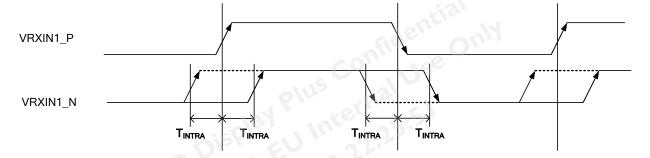




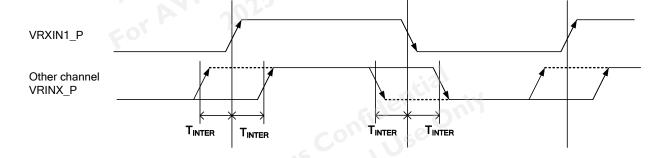
2. Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



3. V-by-one Intra-pair Skew



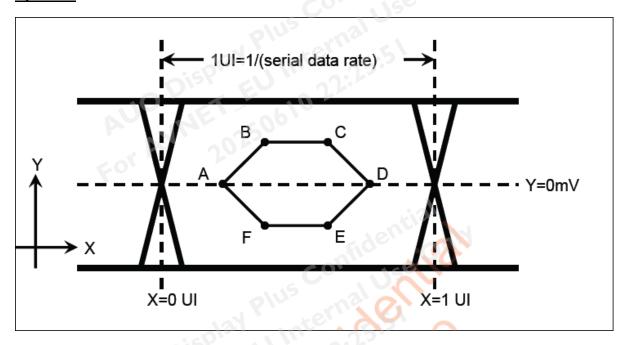
4. V-by-one Inter-pair Skew





5. Eye diagram at receiver

Eye Mask

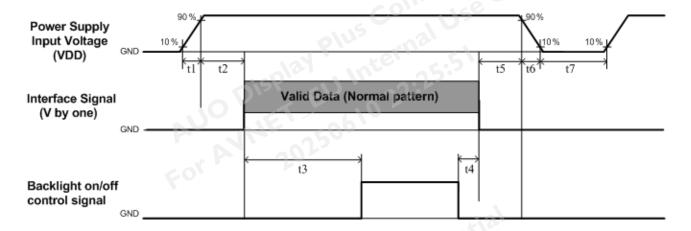


Example of Eye diagram





Power Sequence for LCD 5.3



Donomotor	Value	Values				
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit		
t1	0.4	era.	30	ms		
t2	40			ms		
t3	640	J. K.		ms		
t4	0*1			ms		
t5	0			ms		
t6			*2	ms		
t7	1000 ^{*3}			ms		

Note:

- (1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this
- (3) When the power supply input voltage(VDD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and the AUO DISPIZITE invalid data to 0V.



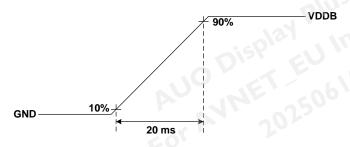
6. Backlight Specification

6.1 Electrical specification

	Item	S	ymbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
1	Power Supply Input Voltage	٧	DDB	10 -	22.8	24	25.2	V	-
2	Power Supply Input Current	1/2	I _{DDB}	VDDB=24V		2	2.4	Α	1
3	Power Consumption	I	P _{DDB}	VDDB=24V		48	52.8	Watt	1
4	Inrush Current	I	RUSH	VDDB=24V		21	6.3	Α	2
5	O and the late in the late in the same	V	Hi	VDDB=24V	2	-inli	3.3	V	-
5	Control signal voltage	V _{Signal}	Low	- VDDB-24V	0,0	-	2.4 52.8 6.3 3.3 0.8 1.5 100	V	3
6	Control signal current	Signal		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	External PWM Duty ratio (input duty ratio)	D_	EPWM	VDDB=24V	5	-	100	%	4
8	External PWM Frequency	F_	EPWM	VDDB=24V	120	-	960	Hz	4
9	DET status signal	DET	HD	VDDB=24V	Оре	en Colle	ctor	V	5
9	DET status signal	DET	Lo	- VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	V	5
10	Input Impedance	Rin		VDDB=24V	300			Kohm	-
11	LED MTTF	L	TLED	-	50,000	-	4 -	Hr	6

Note 1: Dimming ratio= 100%, (Ta=25±5□, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: MAX input current while DB turn on, measurement condition VDDB rising time=20ms(VDDB: 10%~90%)



Note 3: When BLU off (VDDB = 24V , VBLON = 0V) , IDDB (max) = 0.1A

Note 4: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

Note 5: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector

Note 6: The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2□, for single LED only]



6.2 Input Pin Assignment

The P566KVN01.1 module requires [1 power input (14-pin)]

LED DB connector: CI0114M1HRL-NH(CviLux)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VDDB	Power Supply Input Voltage	
2	VDDB	Power Supply Input Voltage	
3	VDDB	Power Supply Input Voltage	
4	VDDB	Power Supply Input Voltage	
5	VDDB	Power Supply Input Voltage	
6	GND	Ground	
7	GND	Ground	
8	GND	Ground	
9	GND	Ground	
10	GND	Ground	
11	DET	BLU status detection:	1
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control:	2,3
13	NC	NC	4
14	PDIM	External PWM	2, 5

Note1. DET status

DET	BLU status
0 ~ 0.8V	Normal
Open collector	Abnormal

Recommend pull high R > 10K ohm, pull high voltage VDD = 3.3V

Note2. input control signal threshold voltage definition

ļ	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Input High Th	reshold Voltage	VIH	2	-	3.3	V	
Input Low Th	reshold Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.8	V	
BLON cotion							
VBLON	Note						
H or OPEN	BL On						
L	BL Off						
	100		70				
ight AUO Display Plus Corporation 2025 All Rights Reserved.							
For AVNET_EU internal use only - provided by alexaguilera on							

Note3. VBLON

Mode selection

VBLON	Note
H or OPEN	BL On
L	BL Off



Note4. Please leave this pin unoccupied. It cannot be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

Note5. PDIM

PWM Dimming range:

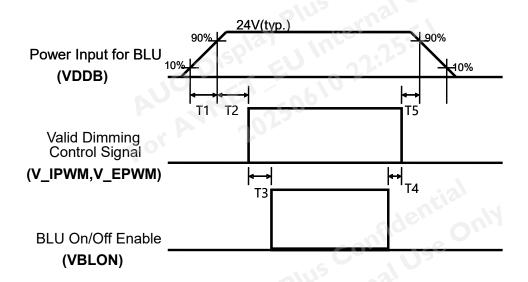


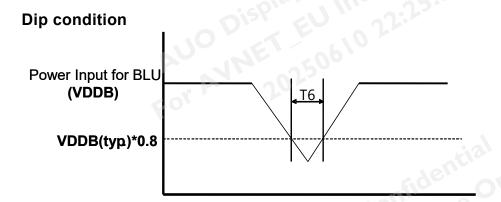
External PWM function dimming ratio 0%~100%, Judge condition as below:

- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could be guaranteed at External PWM function dimming ratio 5%~100%



6.3 Power Sequence for Backlight





Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	20	2	73.	ms *1
T2	0	107	-	ms
Т3	300	600		ms
T4	300	-	-	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
T6		-	1000	ms ^{*2}

Note:1. T6 describes VDDB dip condition and VDDB couldn't lower than 10% VDDB.



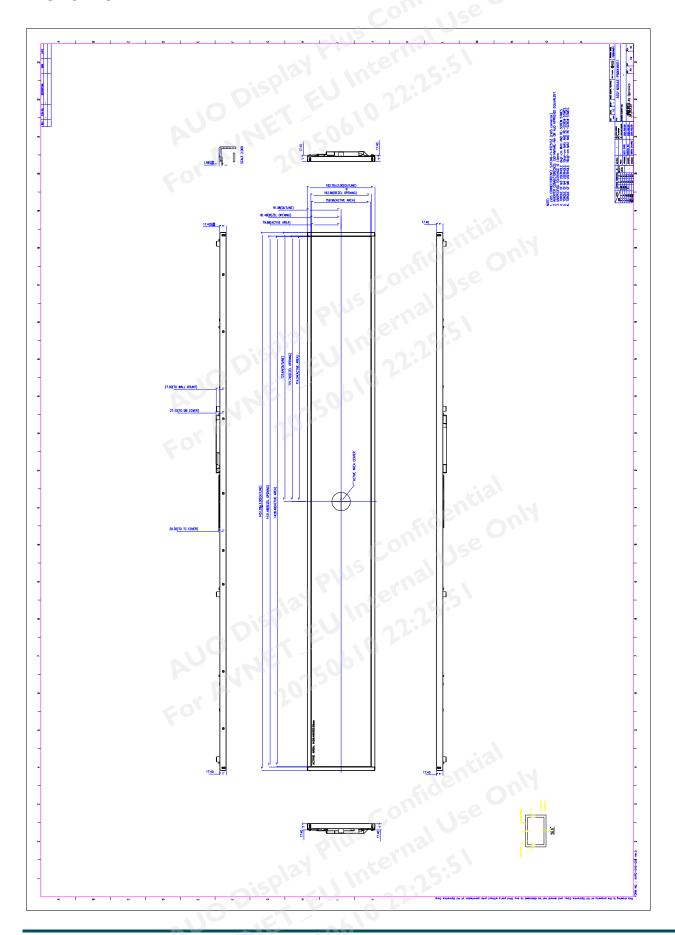
7. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P566KVN01.1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

I	Item	Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	1451.28	mm	
	Vertical	182.76	mm	
	Depth (Dmin)	10.7	mm	Front bezel to Back Bezel
Outline Dimension	Depth (Dmax)	26.4	mm	Front Bezel to DB Cover
	Bezel opening	1431.48(H) x 162.96(V)	mm	
	Bezel Width	9/9/9/9	mm	U/D/L/R
	Display Area	1428.48(H) x 159.96(V)	mm	
Weight	4	.21	Kg	
		EU Internal Using 150610 22:25:51		

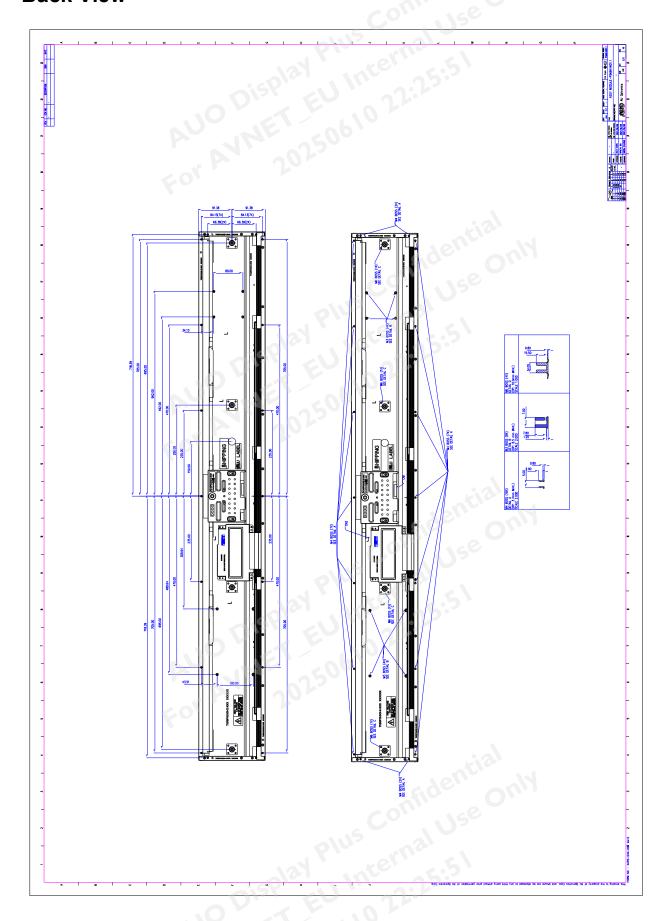


Front View





Back View





8. Reliability Test Items

High temperature and High humidity operation test (THB) Low temperature operation test 3 -20 °C, 500hrs Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz)
High temperature and High humidity operation test (THB) 5 Low temperature operation test 3 -20 °C, 500hrs Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz)
operation test (THB) 3 60 °C 75%, 500hrs Low temperature operation test 3 -20 °C, 500hrs Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz)
Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz)
buration : A, 1,2 20min per axes
7 Drop test (With carton) Height: 45.7 cm 1(PKG) Direction: Only bottom flat twice (ASTMD4169-I)
8 MTBF 12 50°C/80%, 1300hrs, 90% confidence



9. International Standard

9.1 Safety

- (1) UL 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment Part 1: Safety requirements
- (2) IEC 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment -Part 1: Safety requirements
- (3) EN 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment -Part 1: Safety requirements

9.2 EMC

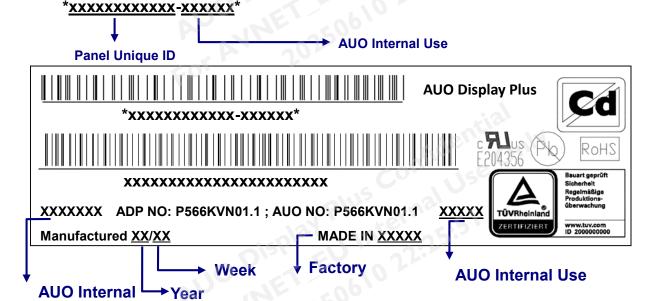
- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



10. Packing

10.1 Definition of Label

A. Panel Label:

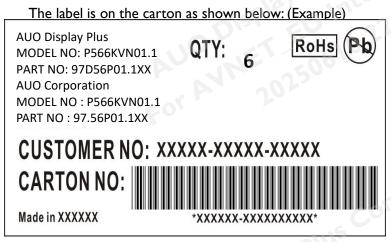


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

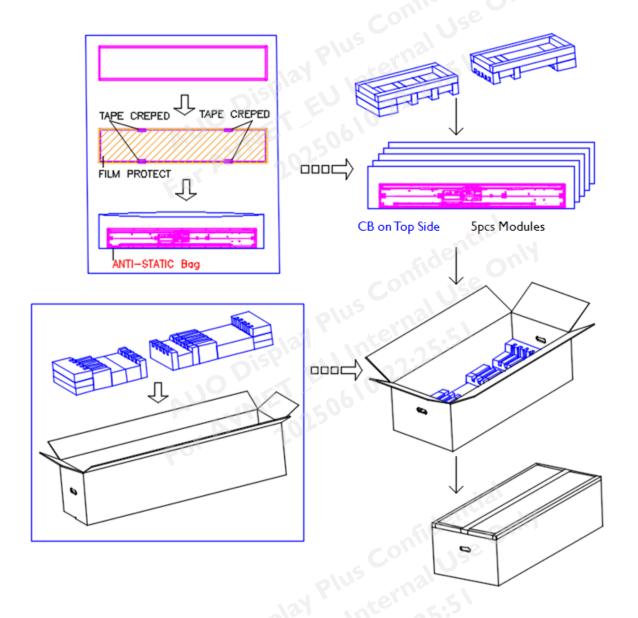
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





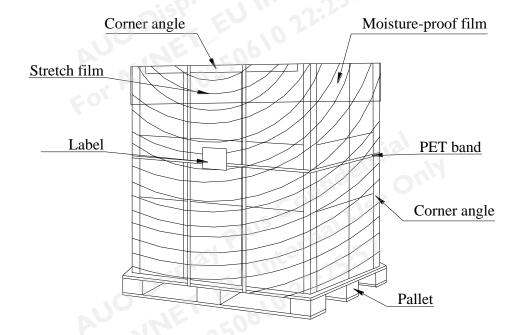
10.2 Packing Methods





10.3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Specification				
	Item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark		
1	Packing Box	5pcs/box	1640(L)mm*376(W)mm*415 (H)mm	27			
2	Pallet	1	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*150(H)mm	26			
3	Boxes per Pallet	9 boxes/Pall	9 boxes/Pallet (By Air) ; 9 Boxes/Pallet (By Sea)				
4	Panels per Pallet	45 pcs/palle	45 pcs/pallet(By Air) ; 45 pcs/Pallet (By Sea)				
5	Pallet	45(by Air)	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*1400 (H)mm	270 (by Air)			
	after packing	45 (by Sea)	1660(L)mm*1150(W)mm*1400 (H)mm	270(by Sea)			





11. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

11.1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

11.2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it may become lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic



interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

(7) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

11.3. Operating Condition for Public Information Display

The device listed in the product specification is designed and manufactured for PID (Public Information Display) application. To optimize module's lifetime and function, below operating usages are required.

- (1) Normal operating condition
 - A. Operating temperature: -20~60 °C
 - B. Operating humidity: 10~90%
 - C. Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display).Note) Long-term static display would cause image sticking.
- (2) Operation usage to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display.
 - A. Suitable operating time: under 24 hours a day
 - B. Liquid Crystal refresh time is required. Cycling display between 5 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
 - C. Periodically change background and character (image) color.
 - D. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- (3) Periodically adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
 - A. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
 - B. Power off the system for a while
- (4) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (5) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, display stationary patterns, or long operation time etc..., it is strongly recommended to contact AUO for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems.

11.4. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.



11.5. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

- (1) Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.
- (2) To keep display function well as a digital signage application, especially the component of TFT is very sensitive to sunlight, it is necessary to set up blocking device protecting panel from radiation of ambient environment.

11.6. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 °C and 35 °C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

11.7. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

11.8. Dust Resistance

- (1) AUO module dust test is conducted with marked holes (see Figure 1) sealed to comply with JIS D0207.
- (2) Module users should design set with these holes used/sealed (if not used) or covered by set mechanism to prevent dust from entering. The AUO testing procedure cannot replicate all different real world scenarios, module users should apply set dust resistance solution to meet users' requirement.



Figure 1



12. Appendix: Content Format

UHD (3840 x 2160) / V by one interface

