

Model Name: P270HAN01.0

Issue Date: 2024/05/02

(*) Preliminary Specifications(*) Final Specifications

| Customer Signature | Date | AUO Display Plus | Date | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|--|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Approved By | DISP F | Approval by PM Director Albert Lai | | | | | | | |
| Note | | Reviewed by RD Director Lamy Chen | | | | | | | |
| NUC | | Reviewed by Project Leader Pei YU Tsai | | | | | | | |
| For | | Prepared by PM Arieo Lu | | | | | | | |



| | P270HAN01.0 Product Specification |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Vno | Rev 1.3 |
| AUO Display+ | Content |
| | Content |
| 1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS | 5 |
| 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION | 6 |
| 2.1 Display Characteristics | 6 |
| | 8 |
| | 9 |
| | 13 |
| | 13 |
| | 14 |
| | 14 |
| 3.2.2 Connector Pin Assignment | 14 |
| 3.3 Electrical Characteristics | 16 |
| | |
| - | 16 |
| | |
| | 17 |
| | |
| | 18 |
| | 18 |
| • | 20 |
| | 21 |
| | 22 |
| | 23 |
| 4.1 Block Diagram | 23 |
| 4.2 Interface Connection | 24 |
| | 24 |
| | 24 |
| | |
| 4.3.1 Absolute Maximum Rating | 25 |
| 4.3.2 Recommended Operating Condition | 25 |
| 5 Reliability Test | 27 |
| 6 Shipping Label | 28 |
| 7 Mechanical Characteristics | 29 |
| 8 Packing Specification | 32 |
| 8.1 Packing Flow | 32 |
| 8.2 Pallet and shipment information | 34 |
| 9 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD | |
| | 35 |
| | |



| 35 |
|----------------|
| 35 36 36 |
| 36 |
| 36 |
| 37 |
| 37 |
| 37 |
| 37 |
| 38 |
| 38 |
| |
| |





Records of Revision

| Version | Date | Page | Old description | New Description | Remark |
|---------|------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 1.0 | 2022/12/19 | AII | JOHE 250578 | Final Specifications | |
| 1.1 | 2023/05/02 | 32 | TACE PROCODE VOICE. | A STREET LINE. | Add mylar |
| | | 38 | Suitable operating time: 16 | Suitable operating time: 24 | |
| | | | hours a day or less 2.4 Mechanical | hours a day or less | |
| 1.2 | 2023/10/04 | 12, 13 | Characteristics | Remove 2.4 | |
| 1.3 | 2024/05/02 | 29 | | | |
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1 Handling Precautions

- Since polarizer is easily damaged, do not touch or press the surface of polorizer with hand. 1)
- 2) Be sure to turn off power supply when inserting or disconnecting from input connector.
- Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots. 3)
- When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth. 4)
- 5) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface.
- Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and insure human earth 6) when handling.
- 7) Do not open or modify the Module Assembly.
- 8) Do not press the reflector sheet at the back of the module to any directions.
- 9) In case a TFT-LCD Module has to be put back into the packing container slot after once it was taken out from the container, do not press the center of the LED lightbar edge. Otherwise the TFT-LCD Module may be damaged.
- 10) Insert or pull out the interface connector, be sure not to rotate nor tilt it of the TFT-LCD Module.
- 11) Do not twist nor bend the TFT -LCD Module even momentary. It should be taken into consideration that no bending/twisting forces are applied to the TFT-LCD Module from outside. Otherwise the TFT-LCD Module may be damaged.
- 12) Please avoid touching COF position while you are doing mechanical design.
- 13) When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary: Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- will enhance 14) Do not apply the same pattern for a long time, it will enhance relevant defect.



2 General Description

This specification applies to the 27 inch-FHD color a-Si TFT-LCD Module P270HAN01.0 The display supports the FHD - 1920(H) x 1080(V) screen format and 16.7M colors (RGB 8-bit data input). The light source of this TFT-LCD module is W-LED. All input signals are 2-channel LVDS interface and this module doesn't contain a driver for backlight.

2.1 Display Characteristics

The following items are characteristics summary on the table under 25°C condition:

| Items | Unit | Specification |
|---|----------------------|---|
| Screen Diagonal | [mm] | 685.99(27.0") |
| Active Area | [mm] | 597.888 (H) x 336.312 (V) |
| Pixels H x V | - | 1920(x3) x 1080 |
| Pixel Pitch | [um] | 311.4 (per one triad) ×311.4 |
| Pixel Arrangement | 159 | R.G.B. Vertical island |
| Display Mode | - | AHVA Mode, Normally Black |
| White Luminance (Center) | [cd/m ²] | 500 cd/m ² (Typ.) |
| Contrast Ratio | 707 | 1000 (Typ.) |
| Optical Response Time | [msec] | 14ms (Typ., GTG) |
| Nominal Input Voltage VDD | [Volt] | 5 V (Typ) |
| Power Consumption (LCD Module + Backlight unit) | [Watt] | 20.35 watt (Typ.) LCD Module : PDD (Typ.)= 1.85W@ White pattern, Fv= 60Hz Backlight unit : PBLU (Typ.) = 18.5 W @ Is=70mA) |
| Weight | [Grams] | 3233 |
| Outline Dimension | [mm] | 623.7(H)×362.1(V)×12.0(D) Typ. (D) is refer to front bezel to LVDS CNT |
| Electrical Interface | - | Dual channel LVDS |
| Support Color | - 07 | 16.7M colors (6bit+Hi-FRC) |
| Surface Treatment | 30 | SAG25%, 3H |
| Temperature Range | | |
| Operating | [°C] | 0 to +50 |
| Storage (Shipping) | [°C] | -20 to +60 |
| RoHS Compliance | | RoHS Compliance |
| LED MTTF | Typical hours | 50000 |
| Landscape / Portrait | -60/27 | Landscape / Portrait Enable (Note 1 / Note 2) |
| Frame Rate | Hz | 60 |

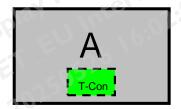


Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate. This function does not work in this model.

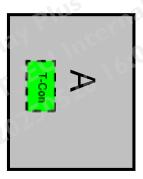
Note 2:

- (1) Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side on the lower side and the image is shown upright via viewing from the front.
- (2) Portrait Mode: The default placement is that T-Con side has to be placed on the left side via viewing from the front.

Landscape (Front view)



Portrait (Front view)





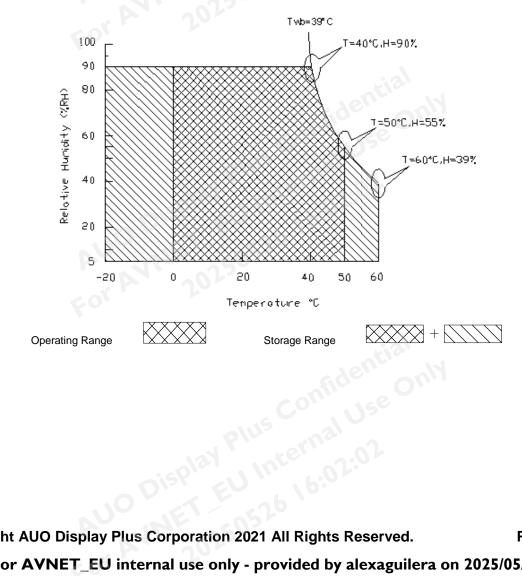
2.2 Absolute Ratings of Environment

nal Use Only Permanent damage may occur if exceeding the following maximum rating.

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|--------|---------------------------------------|------|------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| TOP | Operating Temperature | 0 | +50 | [°C] | Note 2-1 |
| TGS | Glass surface temperature (operation) | 0 | +65 | [°C] | Note 2-1 Function judged only |
| HOP | Operation Humidity | 5 | 90 | [%RH] | Note 2-1 |
| TST | Storage Temperature | -20 | +60 | [°C] | |
| HST | Storage Humidity | 5 | 90 | [%RH] | |

Note 2-1: Temperature and relative humidity range are shown as the below figure.

- 1. 90% RH Max (Ta ≤39°C)
- 2. Max wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less. (Ta ≤39°C)
- 3. No condensation





2.3 Optical Characteristics

The optical characteristics are measured on the following test condition.

Test Condition:

1. Equipment setup: Please refer to Note 2-2.

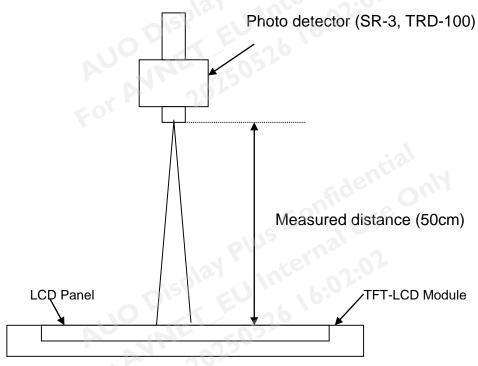
2. Panel Lighting time: 30 minutes

3. VDD=5V, Fv=60Hz, Is=70mA, Ta=25°C

| Descrip | tion | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| White Luminance (C | enter of screen) | 400 | 500 | - | [cd/m2] | Note 2-2 By SR-3 |
| Luminance Uniform | mity (9 points) | 75 | 80 | | [%] | Note 2-3 By SR-3 |
| Contrast Ratio (Ce | nter of screen) | 600 | 1000 | only . | - | Note 2-4 By SR-3 |
| Horizontal Viewing | Right | 85 | 89 | - | | |
| (CR=10) | Left | 85 | 89 | - | [degree] | Note 2-5 |
| Vertical Viewing Angle | Up | 85 | 89 | - | [acgree] | By SR-3 |
| (CR=10) | Down | 85 | 89 | - | | |
| Response Time | Gray To Gray | - | 14 | - | [msec] | Note 2-6 By TRD-100 |
| For | Red x | | 0.630 | | | |
| | Red y | | 0.338 | | - | |
| | Green x | | 0.318 | Ould | | |
| Color Coordinates | Green y | Tup. 0.03 | 0.624 | | | |
| (CIE 1931) | Blue x | тур0.03 | 0.154 | Тур.+0.03 | | By SR-3 |
| | Blue y | us mal | 0.053 | | | |
| | White x | uter. | 0.313 | | | |
| | White y | , 6:0 | 0.329 | | | |
| Crossta | alk | 36. | 1 | 1.5 | [%] | Note 2-7 By SR-3 |
| NTSC | 201 | | 72 | | [%] | By SR-3 |
| Flicker (Center | of screen) | - | - | -20 | [dB] | Note 2-8 By SR-3 |
| right AUO Display Plu | us Corporation 20 | 21 All Rights | Reserve | only ed. | P | age 9 / 38 |
| Eor AVNET EIL: | townal use sele- | provided by | alova- | .w. uiloro on 1 | רי יו אר בות בות בות בות בות ב | • |
| | White Luminance (Contrast Ratio (Centrast Ratio (CR=10)) Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Response Time Color Coordinates (CIE 1931) Crossta | Angle (CR=10) Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Response Time Color Coordinates (CIE 1931) Crosstalk NTSC Left Up Down Ref X Red X Red y Green x Blue x Blue y White x White y | White Luminance (Center of screen) 400 Luminance Uniformity (9 points) 75 Contrast Ratio (Center of screen) 600 Horizontal Viewing Angle (CR=10) Right 85 Left 85 85 Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Up 85 Response Time Gray To Gray - Red x Red y Green x Green y (CIE 1931) Green y Typ0.03 Blue x Blue y White x White y White y | White Luminance (Center of screen) 400 500 Luminance Uniformity (9 points) 75 80 Contrast Ratio (Center of screen) 600 1000 Horizontal Viewing Angle (CR=10) Right 85 89 Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Up 85 89 Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Up 85 89 Response Time Gray To Gray - 14 Red x Red y 0.630 Red y 0.338 0.318 Green x Green y 0.624 Blue x Blue x 0.053 White x White y 0.329 Crosstalk - - NTSC 72 | White Luminance (Center of screen) 400 500 - Luminance Uniformity (9 points) 75 80 - Contrast Ratio (Center of screen) 600 1000 - Horizontal Viewing Angle (CR=10) Right 85 89 - Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Up 85 89 - Vertical Viewing Angle (CR=10) Up 85 89 - Response Time Gray To Gray - 14 - Red x Red y 0.630 0.338 Green x Green x 0.318 0.318 Color Coordinates (CIE 1931) Blue x 0.053 0.154 Blue y White x 0.053 0.313 White y 0.329 - 1.5 | White Luminance (Center of screen) 400 500 - [cd/m2] Luminance Uniformity (9 points) 75 80 - [%] Contrast Ratio (Center of screen) 600 1000 - - Horizontal Viewing Angle (CR=10) Right 85 89 - |



Note 2-2: Equipment setup:



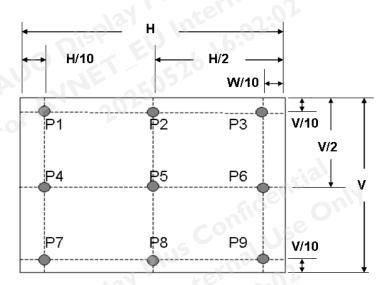
Center of the screen

Note 2-3: Luminance Uniformity Measurement

Definition:

Luminance Uniformit
$$y = \frac{\text{Minimum Luminance of 9 Points (P1 } \sim P9)}{\text{Maximum Luminance of 9 Points (P1 } \sim P9)}$$

a. Test pattern: White Pattern



Note 2-4: Contrast Ratio Measurement

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Definition:

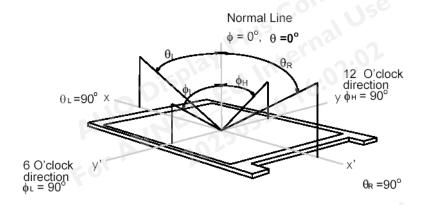
Contrast Ratio = $\frac{\text{Luminance of White pattern}}{\text{Luminance of Black pattern}}$

a. Measured position: Center of screen (P5) & perpendicular to the screen $(\theta=\Phi=0^{\circ})$

Note 2-5: Viewing angle measurement

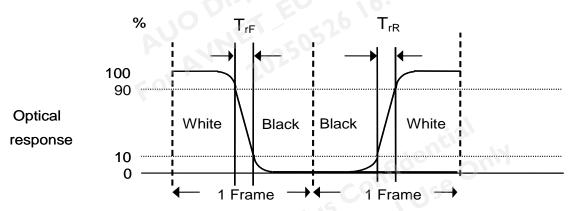
Definition: The angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10.

a. Horizontal view angle: Divide to left & right ($\theta_L \& \theta_R$) Vertical view angle: Divide to up & down ($\Phi_H \& \Phi_L$)



Note 2-6: Response time measurement

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "Full Black" to "Full White" (rising time, T_{rR}), and from "Full White" to "Full Black" (falling time, T_{rF}), respectively. The response time is interval between the 10% and 90% (1 frame at 60 Hz) of amplitudes.



 $T_{rR} + T_{rF} = 14 \text{ msec (typ.)}.$

Note 2-7: Crosstalk measurement

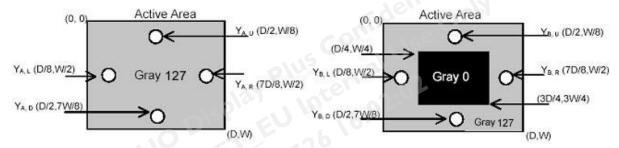
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Page 11 / 38



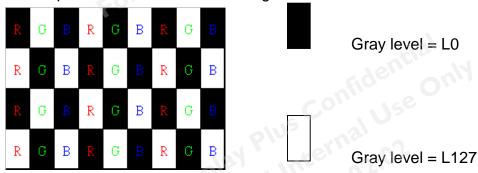
$$CT_V = Max. (|Y_{BU} - Y_{AU}|/Y_{AU} \times 100 \%, |Y_{BD} - Y_{AD}|/Y_{AD} \times 100 \%);$$

b. Y_{AU}, Y_{AD}, Y_{AL}, Y_{AR} = Luminance of measured location without Black pattern YBU, YBD, YBL, YBR = Luminance of measured location with Black pattern



Note 2-8: Flicker measurement

a. Test pattern: It is listed as following.



R: Red, G: Green, B:Blue

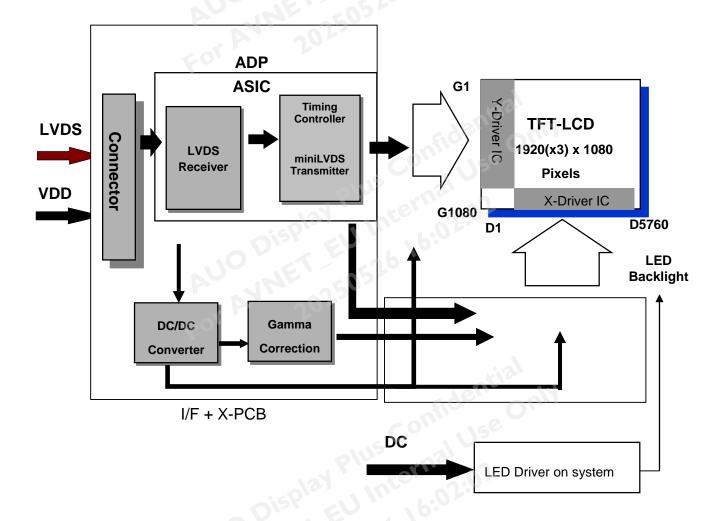
b. Measured position: Center of screen (P5) & perpendicular to the screen $(\theta=\Phi=0^{\circ})$



3 TFT-LCD Module

3.1 Block Diagram

The following shows the block diagram of the 27 inch Color TFT-LCD Module.





3.2 Interface Connection

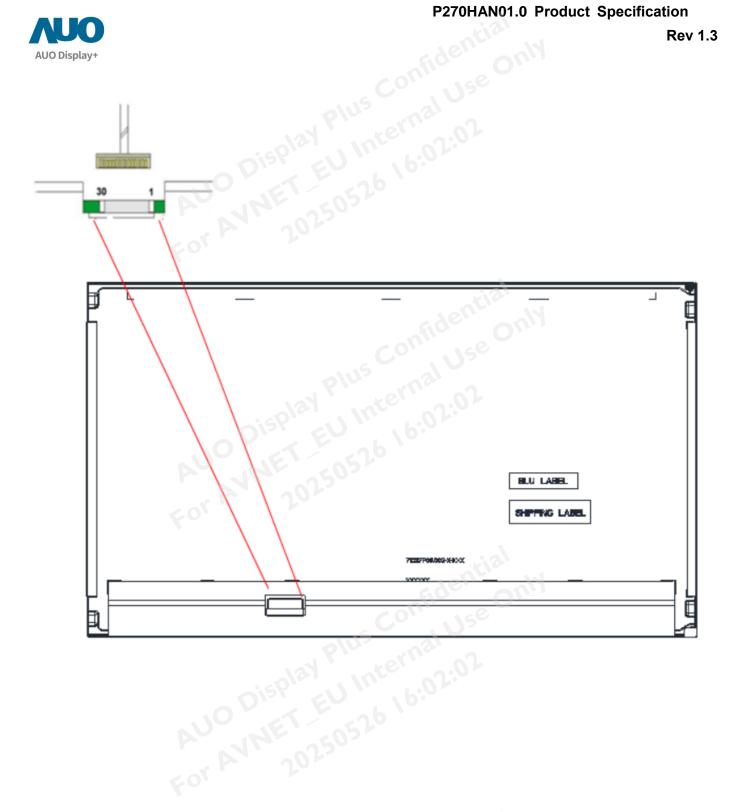
3.2.1 Connector Type

| AUO Display+ | | | P270HAN01.0 Product Specification | | | |
|---------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2 Interface C | onnection | | | | | |
| 2.1 Connecto | or Type | | | | | |
| TFT-LCD | Manufacturer | P-TWO | STM | | | |
| Connector | Part Number | 187034-3009 | MSBKT2407P30HB | | | |
| Mating | Manufacturer | JAE or Compatib | le | | | |
| Connector | Part Number | FI-X30HL (Locked Type) | | | | |

3.2.2 Connector Pin Assignment

| PIN# | SIGNAL NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| | RxO0- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 2 | RxO0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 3 | RxOI- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 4 | RxOI+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 5 | RxO2- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 6 | RxO2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 7 | GND | Ground |
| 8 | RxOCLK- | Negative LVDS differential clock input (Odd clock) |
| 9 | RxOCLK+ | Positive LVDS differential clock input (Odd clock) |
| 10 | RxO3- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| | RxO3+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Odd data) |
| 12 | R×E0- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 13 | RxE0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 14 | GND | Ground |
| 15 | RxEI- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 16 | RxEI+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 17 | GND | Ground |
| 18 | RxE2- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 19 | RxE2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 20 | RxECLK- | Negative LVDS differential clock input (Even clock) |
| 21 | RxECLK+ | Positive LVDS differential clock input (Even clock) |
| 22 | RxE3- | Negative LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 23 | RxE3+ | Positive LVDS differential data input (Even data) |
| 24 | GND | Ground |
| 25 | NC | No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect) |
| 26 | NC | No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect) |
| 27 | NC | No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect) |
| 28 | VDD | Power Supply Input Voltage |
| 29 | VDD | Power Supply Input Voltage |
| 30 | VDD | Power Supply Input Voltage |







3.3 Electrical Characteristics

3.3.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Permanent damage may occur if exceeding the following maximum rating.

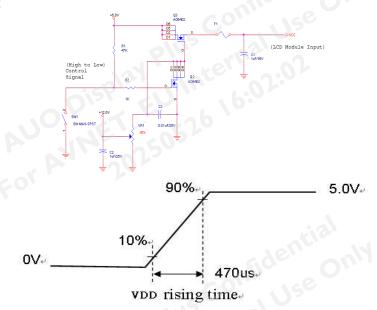
| Symbol | Description | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--------|-------------------------------|---------|-----|--------|---------|
| VDD | Power Supply Input Voltage | GND-0.3 | 6.0 | [Volt] | Ta=25°C |

3.3.2 Recommended Operating Condition

| Symbol | Description | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Remark |
|--------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| VDD | Power supply Input voltage | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | [Volt] | ie. Our |
| IDD | Power supply | - | 0.37 | 0.85 | [A] | VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern at 60 Hz |
| IDD | Input Current (RMS) | | 0.39 | 1.00 | [A] | VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern at 75 Hz |
| PDD | VDD Power | - 15 | 1.85 | 4.25 | [Watt] | VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern at 60 Hz |
| PDD | Consumption | | 1.95 | 5.00 | [Watt] | VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern at 75 Hz |
| IRush | Inrush Current | 12/1 | 1025 | 3.0 | [A] | Note 3-1 |
| VDDrp | Allowable VDD Ripple Voltage | - | - | 500 | [mV] | VDD= 5.0V, All white Pattern at 75 Hz |

Note 3-1: Inrush Current measurement:

Test circuit:



The duration of VDD rising time: 470us.

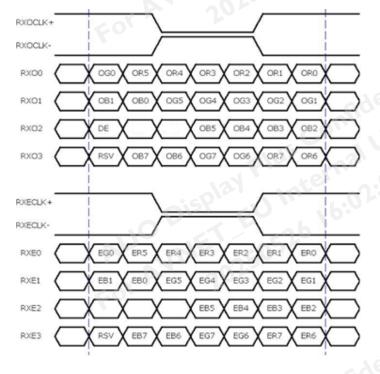


3.4 Signal Characteristics

3.4.1 LCD Pixel Format

| AUO Display+ | | | | | | | | | | P | 27 | ΌΗ | IAN | N01.0 Pro |
|--------------|-----|-----|----|-----|----|----|---------------|---|----|---|-----|--------|-----|-----------|
| 3.4 Signal C | ha | ıra | ct | eri | st | ic | 5 | | | | | | | |
| 3.4.1 LCD P | ixe |) I | Fo | rm | at | t | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | | 2 | | | 1 | 91 | 9 | 19 | 920 | 0 | |
| 1st Line | R | G | В | R | G | В | JO DIET EUSZO | R | G | В | R | G | В | |
| | | | | | | | , PA 5053 | | - | • | | · · | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | : | | • | | l e | • | Ċ | |
| | | : | | | | | | 0 | | | |)9 | e | |
| 1080 Line | R | G | В | R | G | В | | R | G | В | R | G | В | |

3.4.2 LVDS Data Format



| Oup | 8 Bit (| | |
|-----|---------|----|----|
| MSB | R7 | G7 | В7 |
| | R6 | G6 | B6 |
| | R5 | G5 | B5 |
| | R4 | G4 | B4 |
| | R3 | G3 | В3 |
| | R2 | G2 | B2 |
| | R1 | G1 | B1 |
| LSB | R0 | G0 | B0 |

Note 3-2:

- a. O = "Odd Pixel Data" E = "Even Pixel Data"
- b. Refer to 3.4.1 LCD pixel format, the 1st data is 1 (Odd Pixel Data), the 2nd data is 2 (Even Pixel Data) and the last data is 1920 (Even Pixel Data).



3.4.3 Color versus Input Data

The following table is for color versus input data (8bit). The higher the gray level, the brighter the ay remain color.

| | | | | | | | | jis | 6 | | U | Col | or Ing | out D | ata | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------|----|----|-----|-------|-------------|-------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|--------|-------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------|----|----|----|--------|
| Color | Gray Level | | | | | data LSE | | | | | 60 | | | N dat | |) | | | | | | E data | |) | | Remark |
| | | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | В7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | ВЗ | B2 | B1 | B0 | |
| Black | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| White | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Gray 127 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | ம | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Black |
| Red | : | : | | : | • • • | | • • • | *** | : | : | : | 6 | Ç. | | | | 5 | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | L255 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | ம | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Black |
| Green | : | : | : | : | : , | (C | : | | | : | : | 'n | 6 | 1: | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | L255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 310 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | D | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Black |
| Blue | : | : | : | : \ | : | : | | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | |
| | L255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

3.4.4 LVDS Specification

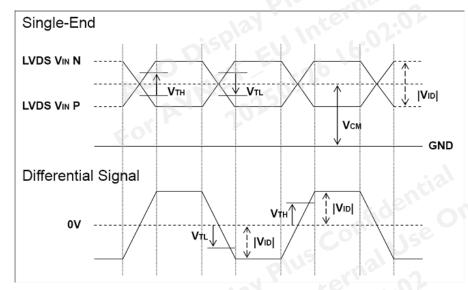
a. DC Characteristics:

| Symbol | | D | esc | riptio | n | M | lin | Тур |) | Ma | ax | Ur | nits | | | | Co | ond | litic | n | |
|-----------------|----|------------|-------|------------------|--------|----|-----|------|---|-----|----|----|------|---|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|---|--|
| Vтн | | | | erentia Thres | | | - | 7 70 | | +10 | 00 | [n | nV] | , | VcN | 1 = 1 | 1.2 | V | | | |
| V _{TL} | LV | DS | Diffe | erentia Thres | al | -1 | 00 | 05) | 6 | - | | [n | nV] | , | VcN | 1 = 1 | 1.2 | V | | | |
| VID | LV | | Diffe | erentia | | 1 | 00 | - | | 60 | 00 | [n | nV] | | | | | | | | |
| Vсм | | DS Itag | | nmon | Mode | + | 1.0 | +1.2 | 2 | +1 | .5 | [| V] | | Vтн | -VTI | L = | 20 | 0m) | V | |
| | | | | | us Cor | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



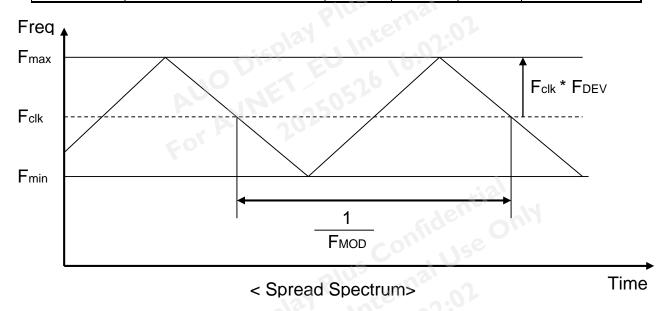
LVDS Signal Waveform:

Use RxOCLK- & RxOCLK+ as example.



b. AC Characteristics:

| Symbol | Description | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
|------------------|--|-----|-----|------|--------|
| F _{DEV} | Maximum deviation of input clock frequency during Spread Spectrum | - | ± 3 | % | |
| Fмоd | Maximum modulation frequency of input clock during Spread Spectrum | - 0 | 200 | KHz | M |



Fclk: LVDS Clock Frequency



3.4.5 Input Timing Specification

It only support DE mode, and the input timing are shown as the following table.

| Symbol | Descrip | tion | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|-----------|------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-----------------|
| Tv | b. Mar | Period | 1094 | 1130 | 1914 | Th | |
| Tdisp (v) | Vertical Section | Active | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | Th | |
| Tblk (v) | Vertion Scotion | Blanking | 14 | 50 | 834 | Th | |
| Fv | | Frequency | 47 | 60 | 76 | Hz | Note 3-3 |
| Th | | Period | 1000 | 1050 | 1678 | Tclk | |
| Tdisp (h) | Horizontal | Active | 960 | 960 | 960 | Tclk | |
| Tblk (h) | Section | Blanking | 40 | 90 | 718 | Tclk | |
| Fh | Sisp | Frequency | 51.5 | 67.8 | 90.0 | KHz | Note 3-4 |
| Tclk | LVDS Clock | Period | 11.2 | 14.0 | 19.4 | ns | I/Fclk |
| Fclk | LVDG Clock | Frequency | 51.5 | 71.2 | 90.0 | MHz | <i>Note 3-5</i> |

Note 3-3: The optimal Vertical Frequency is 50~76 Hz for best picture.

Note 3-4: The equation is listed as following. Please don't exceed the above recommended value.

Fh (Min.) = Fclk (Min.) / Th (Min.);

Fh (Typ.) = Fclk (Typ.) / Th (Typ.);

Fh (Max.) = Fclk (Max.) / Th (Min.);

Note 3-5: The equation is listed as following. Please don't exceed the above recommended value.

Fclk (Min.) = Fv (Min.) \times Th (Min.) \times Tv (Min.);

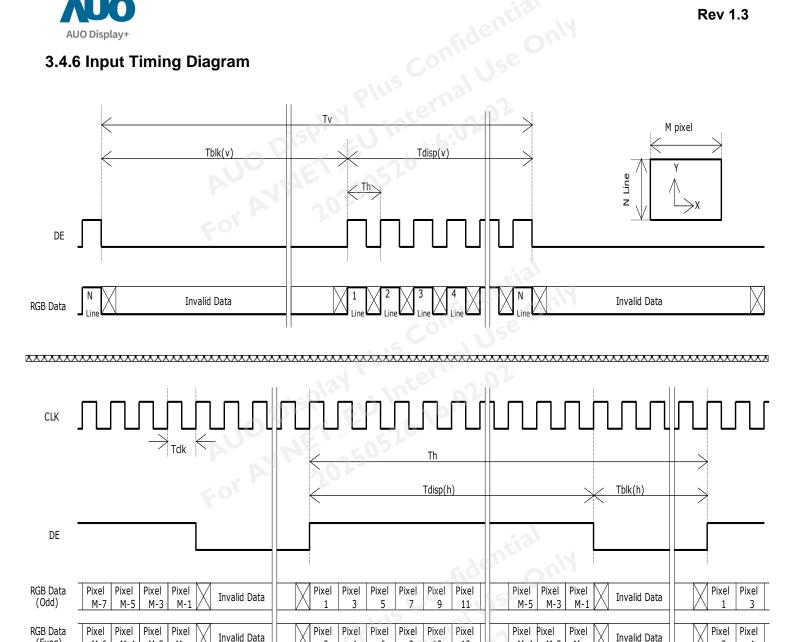
Fclk (Typ.) = Fv (Typ.) \times Th (Typ.) \times Tv (Typ.);

Fclk (Max.) = Fv (Max.) x Th (Typ.) x Tv (Typ.);



(Even)

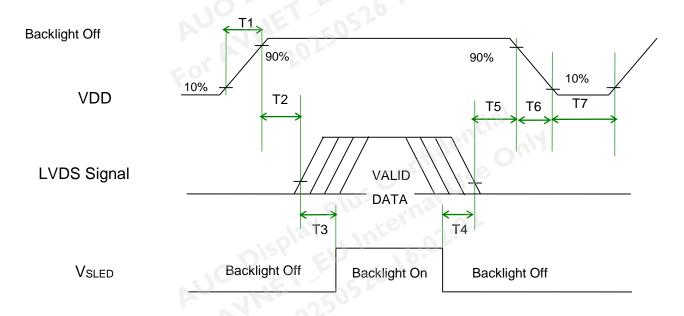
3.4.6 Input Timing Diagram





3.5 Power ON/OFF Sequence

VDD power,LVDS signal and backlight on/off sequence are as following. LVDS signals from any system shall be Hi-Z state when VDD is off.



Power Sequence Timing

| Cymbal | | Value | Com | e | Remark |
|--------|------|---------|-------|------|----------------------|
| Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | |
| T1 | 0.5 | 103 | 10 | [ms] | |
| T2 | 0 | St EU | 50 | [ms] | |
| Т3 | 500 | E1 - 05 | 10 - | [ms] | |
| T4 | 100 | 203.5 | - | [ms] | |
| T5 | 0 | | 50 | [ms] | Note 3-6 Note 3-7 |
| T6 | 0 | - | 200 | [ms] | Note 3-7 Note 3-8 |
| T7 | 1000 | - | - der | [ms] | |

Note 3-6: Recommend setting T5 = 0ms to avoid electronic noise when VDD is off.

Note 3-7: During T5 and T6 period, please keep the level of input LVDS signals with Hi-Z state.

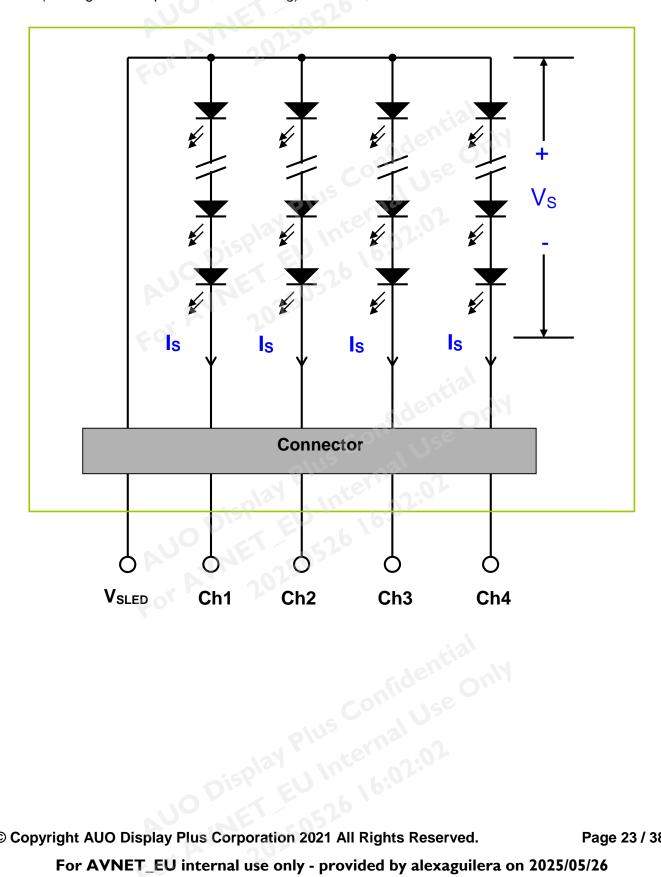
Note 3-8: Voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



4 Backlight Unit

4.1 Block Diagram

The following shows the block diagram of the 27 inch Backlight Unit. And it includes 92pcs LED in the LED light bar. (4 strings and 23 pcs LED of one string).





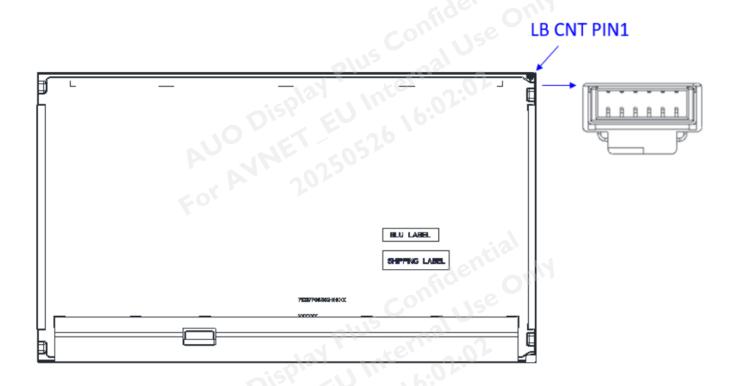
4.2 Interface Connection

4.2.1 Connector Type

| AUO Display+ | | P270HAN01.0 Prod |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 2 Interface Connec | | |
| 2.1 Connector Typ | e | L blos skyan |
| Backlight | Manufacturer | CVILUX |
| Connector | Part Number | CI1406M1HRN-NH1 |
| | Manufacturer | CVILUX or Compatible |
| Mating Connector | Part Number | CI1406SL000-NH (Lock) |

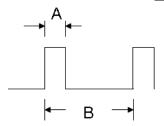
4.2.2 Connector Pin Assignment

| Mating | Connector | Part Number CI1406SL000-NH | (Lock) |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| 4.2.2 Coni | nector Pin <i>i</i> | assignment | |
| Pin# | Symbol | Description | Remark |
| 1 | Ch1 | LED Current Feedback Terminal | (Channel 1) |
| 2 | Ch2 | LED Current Feedback Terminal | (Channel 2) |
| 3 | V _{SLED} | LED Power Supply Voltage Inpu | ıt Terminal |
| 4 | VSLED | LED Power Supply Voltage Inpu | rt Terminal |
| 5 | Ch3 | LED Current Feedback Terminal | (Channel 3) |
| 6 | Ch4 | LED Current Feedback Terminal | (Channel 4) |





| | | | P2 | 70HAN01.0 | Product Specification |
|--------------|--|---------------|-----------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| AUO Display+ | | | | | Rev 1.3 |
| 4.3.1 Absolu | al Characteristics ute Maximum Rating amage may occur if exceeding | ng the follow | ing maxim | um rating. | /T- 25°€) |
| | | 13 | 1 | | (Ta=25°C) |
| Symbol | Description | Min | Max | Unit | Remark |
| | Po | | 180 | [mA] | 100% duty ratio |
| ls | LED String Current | 0 | 360 | [mA] | Duty ratio≦ 10% Pulse time=10 ms |



EU Internal Use Duty ratio= (A / B) X 100%; (A: Pulse time, B: Period)

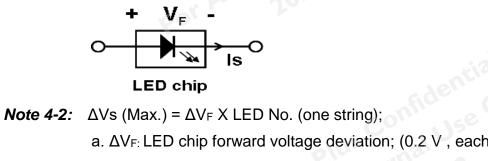
4.3.2 Recommended Operating Condition

(Ta=25°C)

| Symbol | Description | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|-------------------|--|---------------|--------|-------|--------|--|
| Is | LED String Current | - Pl | 70 | 77 | [mA] | 100% duty ratio of LED chip Note 4-7 |
| Vs | LED String Voltage | 60.5 | 66 | 69.9 | [Volt] | Is=70mA @ 100% duty ratio; <i>Note 4-1, Note 4-5</i> |
| ΔVs | Maximum Vs Voltage Deviation of light bar | 20250 | - | 4.6 | [Volt] | Is=70mA @ 100% duty ratio; <i>Note 4-2</i> |
| P _{BLU} | LED Light Bar Power Consumption | - | 18.48 | 19.57 | [Watt] | Note 4-3 |
| LT _{LED} | LED MTTF | | 50,000 | - Yeu | [Hour] | Note 4-4 |
| OVP | Over Voltage Protection in system board | 110% Vsmax | S COY | I Us | [Volt] | Note 4-5 |
| | | | | | | |



- **Note 4-1:** Vs $(Typ.) = V_F (Typ.) X LED No. (one string);$
 - a. V_F: LED chip forward voltage, V_F (Min.)=2.63 V_F(Typ.)=2.87, V_F(Max.)=3.04V
 - b. The same eugation to calculate Vs(Min.) & Vs (Max.) for respective V_F (Min.) & V_F(Max.);



- - a. ΔV_F: LED chip forward voltage deviation; (0.2 V , each Bin of LED V_F)
- **Note 4-3:** PBLU (Typ.) = Vs (Typ.) X Is (Typ.) X 4; (4 is total String No. of LED Light bar) P_{BLU} (Max.) = Vs (Max.) X Is (Typ.) X 4;
- Note 4-4: LED MTTF is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C, for single LED only] MTTF is a reference index, it is not representative of warranty.
- **Note 4-5:** Recommendation for LED driver power design: Due to there are electrical property deviation in LED & monitor set system component after long time operation. ADP strongly recommend the design value of LED driver board OVP (over voltage protection) should be 10% higher than max. value of LED string voltage (Vs) at least.
- Note 4-6: ADP strongly recommend "Analog Dimming" method for backlight brightness control for Wavy Noise Free. Otherwise, recommend that Dimming Control Signal (PWM Signal) should be synchronized with Frame Frequency.
- Note 4-7 Ensure that the LED light bar is not subjected either forward or reverse voltage while monitor set is on standby mode or not in use.



| | Test Item | Q'ty | Condition |
|--------|--|---------|--|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | 3 | 60°C, 500hrs |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | 3 | -20°C, 500hrs |
| 3 4 | High temperature operation test High temperature and High humidity operation (THB) | 3 | 50°C, 500hrs 50°C, 80%, 500hrs |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | 3 | 0°C, 500hrs |
| 6 | Vibration test (With carton) | 1(PKG) | Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes |
| 7 | Drop test (With carton) | 1(PKG) | Height: 38.1 cm Direction: 1 corner 3 edges 6flats (ASTM D 4169 & D5276) |
| | | | |

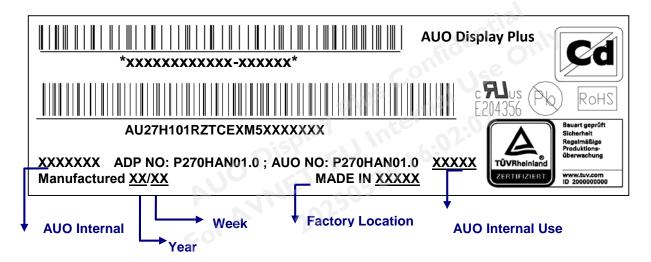


6 Shipping Label

6.1 Shipping Label

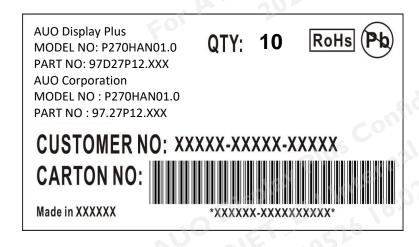
The label on the panel is shown as below:





- Note 6-1: For Pb Free products, ADP will add (%) of identification.
- Note 6-2: For RoHS compatible products, ADP will add RoHS for identification.
- Note 6-3: For China RoHS compatible products, ADP will add for identification.
- Note 6-4: The Green Mark will be presented only when the green documents have been ready

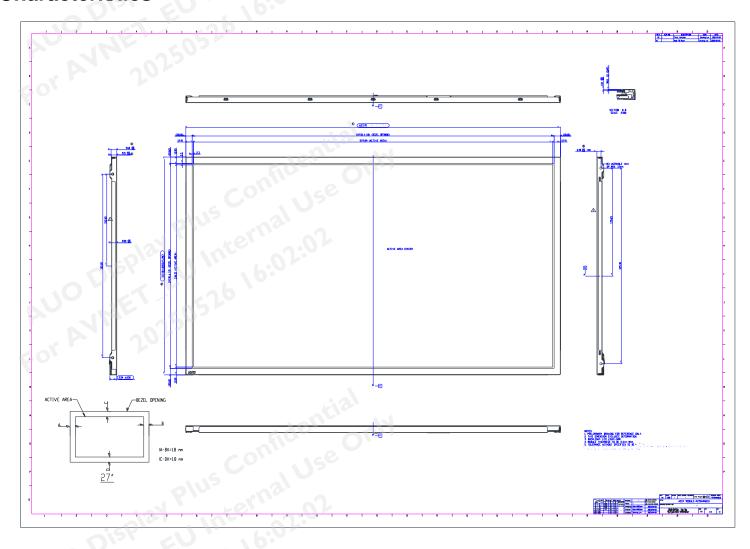
6.2 Cartoon Label



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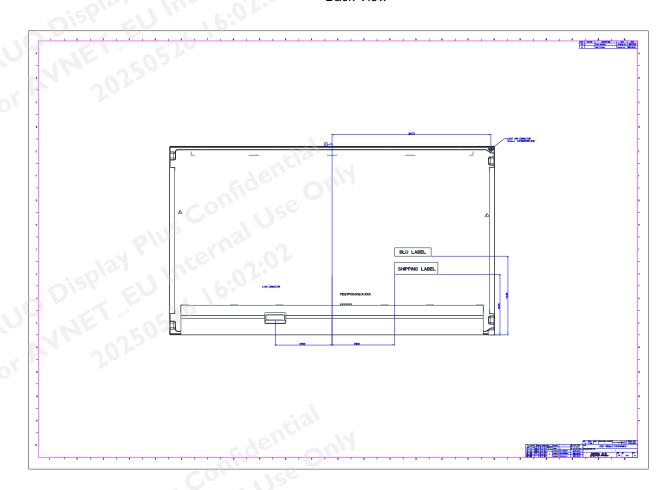


7 Mechanical Characteristics



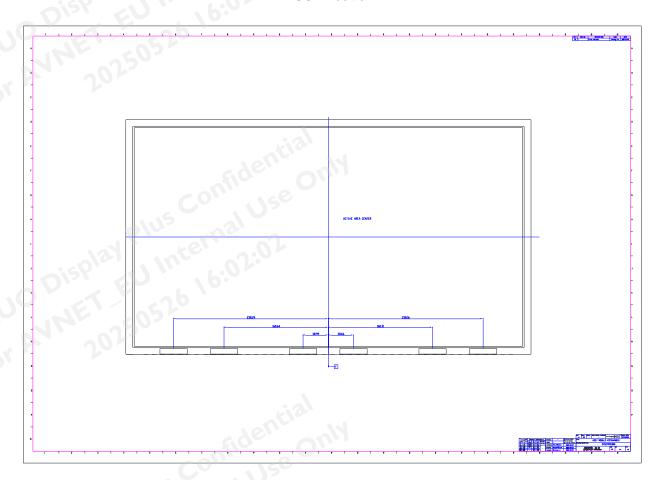








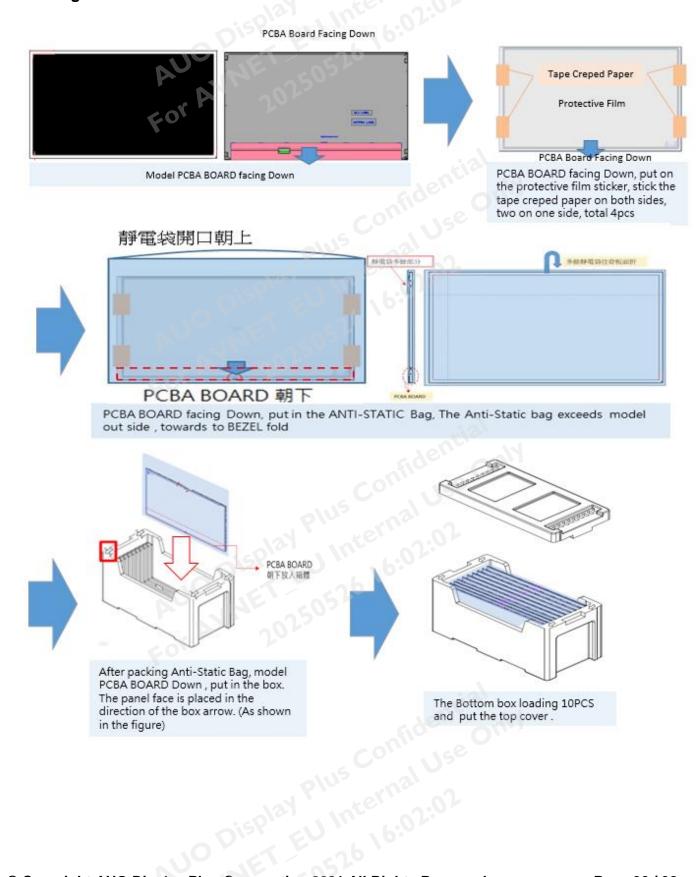
COF Position



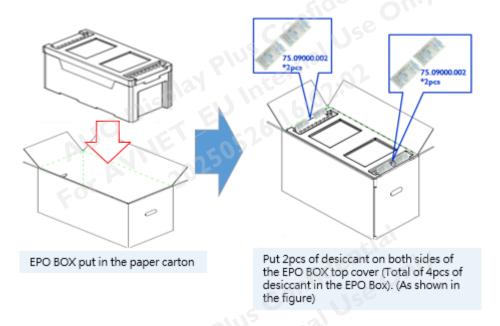


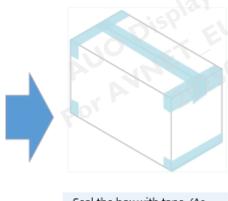
8 Packing Specification

8.1 Packing Flow

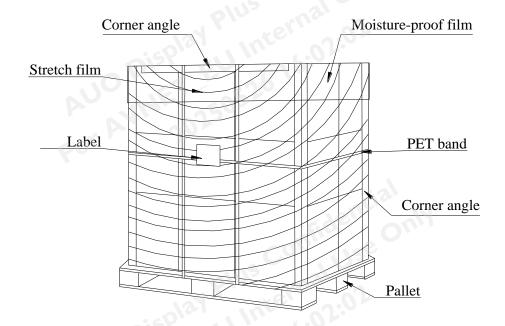








Seal the box with tape. (As shown in the figure)



Single pallet packaging illustration



8.2 Pallet and shipment information

| | MO | | P270HA | N01.0 Produ | uct Specification Rev 1. |
|-----|-------------------------|----------------|---|-------------|-----------------------------|
| | AUO Display+ | | | | Rev 1. |
| 3.2 | Pallet and s | hipment infor | mation Confident | | |
| | | | Blus wal | | |
| | Item | | Specification | | Remark |
| | item | Q'ty | Dimension | Weight(kg) | Roman |
| 1 | Panel | 1 | 623.7(H)mm x 362.1(V)mm x 12(D)mm | 3.233 | |
| 2 | Вох | 1 | 756(L)mm x 371(W)mm x 467(H)mm | 2.591 | without Panel & cushion |
| 3 | Packing Box | 10 pcs/Box | 756(L)mm x 371(W)mm x 467(H)mm | 34.92 | with panel & cushion |
| 4 | Pallet | 1 | 1150(L)mm x 840(W)mm x 132(H)mm | 13.6 | |
| 5 | Pallet after Packing | 6 boxes/pallet | 1150(L)mm x 840(W)mm x 1066(H)mm | 223.12 | |
| | | | Eden | Only | |
| | | | 1150(L)mm x 840(W)mm x 132(H)mm 1150(L)mm x 840(W)mm x 1066(H)mm | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |



9 International Standard

9.1 Safety

- (1) UL 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment Part 1: Safety requirements
- (2) IEC 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment –Part 1: Safety requirements
- (3) EN 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment –Part 1: Safety requirements

9.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information

Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



10 Precautions

Plus Confident Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

10.1 Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

10.2 Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it may become lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.
- (7) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.



10.3 Operating Condition for Public Information Display

The device listed in the product specification is designed and manufactured for PID (Public Information Display) application. To optimize module's lifetime and function, below operating usages are required.

- (1) Normal operating condition
 - A. Operating temperature: 0~50°C
 - B. Operating humidity: 5~90%
 - C. Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display).
 - Note) Long-term static display would cause image sticking.
- (2) Operation usage to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display.
 - A. Suitable operating time: 24 hours a day or less.
 - B. Liquid Crystal refresh time is required. Cycling display between 5 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
 - C. Periodically change background and character (image) color.
 - D. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- (3) Periodically adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
 - A. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
 - B. Power off the system for a while
- (4) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (5) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, display stationary patterns, or long operation time etc..., it is strongly recommended to contact AUO for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems

10.4 Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

10.5 Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

- (1) Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.
- (2) To keep display function well as a digital signage application, especially the component of TFT is very sensitive to sunlight, it is necessary to set up blocking device protecting panel from radiation of ambient environment.

10.6 Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
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Page 37 / 38



(4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

10.7 Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

10.8 Dust Resistance

- (1) ADP module dust tests are conducted with marked areas (e.g., holes and slits around the front bezel and back cover) sealed, to comply with JIS D0207 (see Figure 1).
- (2) To prevent particles from entering the module, please ensure the set has all the highlighted areas (holes and slits) adequately sealed or covered by set mechanism.
- (3) ADP's testing procedure cannot replicate all real world operation scenarios. It is up to the module user to apply the most appropriate dust resistance solution for its particular application.





