# INNOLUX 群創光電

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Doc. Number:

Tentative Specification
<b>Preliminary Specification</b>
Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: G104XCE SUFFIX: L01

Customer: Common								
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE							
Name / Title Note Product Version								
Please return 1 copy for you signature and comments.	ur confirmation with your							

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
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### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2020-04-10	All	Spec Ver.0.0 was first issued.
2.0	2021-07-16	All	Spec Ver.2.0 was first issued.

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#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

G104XCE- L01 is a 10.4" IAV TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with LED backlight unit and 30-pin-and-1ch LVDS interface. This product supports 1024 x 768 XGA format and can display true 16.2M colors (6-bits colors with FRC). The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 10.4" XGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

#### 1.2 FEATURES

- -Excellent brightness (500 nits)
- Ultra high contrast ratio (1000:1)
- Fast response time (T<sub>R</sub> + T<sub>F</sub> =25 ms)
- XGA (1024 x 768 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Ultra wide viewing angle: 176(H)/ 176(V) (CR>10) AAS technology
- -180 degree rotation display option
- -Wide operation temperature

#### 1.3 APPLICATION

- -TFT LCD monitor
- Industrial applications

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	210.4 (H) x 157.8 (V) (10.4" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	215.4 (H) x 161.8 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	ı
Pixel Number	1024 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch (Sub Pixel)	0.0685 (H) x 0.2055 (V)	mm	ı
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	ı
Display Colors	16,194,277 / 262,144	color	ı
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally black	-	ı
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare	=	-
Total power consumption	Total 7.47W(Typ) @cell 1.67W (Typ),BL 5.8W (Typ)	W	typ

Note (1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

#### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	225	225.5	226	mm	(1)
Module Size	Vertical (V)	175.8	176.3	176.8	mm	(1)
	Depth (D)	8.2	8.7	9.2	mm	-
Weight			320	335	g	-

Note (1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

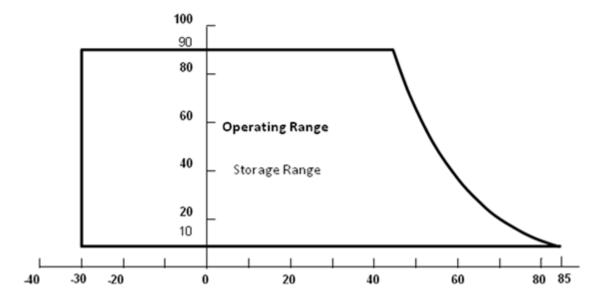
Itom	Svmbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-30	+85	۰C	(1)(2)	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	+85	°C	(1)(2)	

Note (1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max.
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) Panel surface temperature should be  $0^{\circ}$ C min. and  $85^{\circ}$ C max under Vcc=5.0V, fr =60Hz, typical LED string current,  $25^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature, and no humidity control. Any condition of ambient operating temperature, the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than  $85^{\circ}$ C.

### Relative Humidity (%RH)





### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	3.6	V		

#### 2.2.2 LED CONVERTER

Itam	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN	-0.3	5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	ADJ	-0.3	5.5	V		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for LED light bar (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

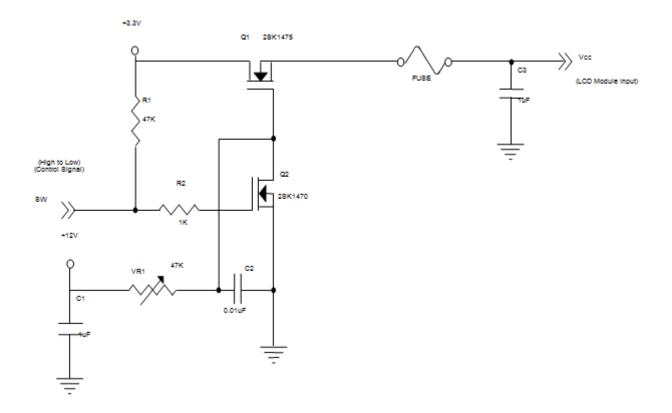
### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Daramete	\ <u></u>	Cumbal		Value			Note
Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage		VCC	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	(1)
Power Supply Ripp	ole Voltage	VRP	-	-	100	mV	
Rush Curre	ent	IRUSH	-	-	4.0	А	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	ICC	-	505	610	mA	(2)
	Black	ICC	-	315	380	mA	(3)
Power Consur	nption	PL	-	1.67	2.01	W	
LVDS differential in	put voltage	Vid	100	-	600	mV	
LVDS common inp	out voltage	Vic	1.0	1.2	1,4	V	
Logic High Input Voltage		VIH	2.3	-	VCC	V	
Logic Low Input Voltage		VIL	0	-	0.7	V	
LVDS terminating	gresistor	RT	-	100	-	ohm	

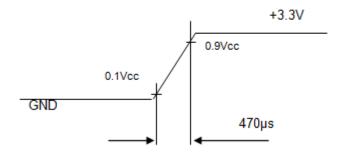
Note (1) The assembly should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:

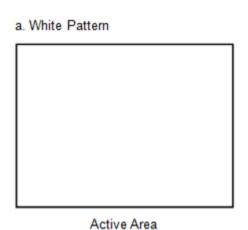




### VCC rising time is 470us



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3 V,  $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60 \,^{\circ}\text{Hz}$ , whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



b. Black Pattern



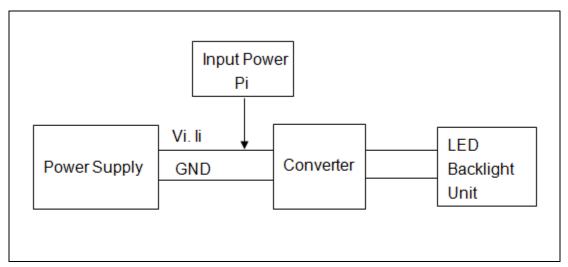
Active Area



#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Paramete	or.	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Paramete	<del>2</del> 1	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Converter Input	Voltage	Vi	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	(Duty 100%)
Converter Input Rip	ple Voltage	ViRP	-	-	350	mV	
Converter Input	Current	li	-	0.48	0.55	Α	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
Converter Inrush	n Current	<b>li</b> rush	-	-	3.0	А	@ Vi rising time = 20ms (Vi =12V)
Input Power Con	sumption	PBL	-	5.8	6.6	W	(1)
EN Control Level	Backlight on	ENLED	2.5	3.3	5.0	V	
EN Control Level	Backlight off	(BLON)	0	-	0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.5	3.3	5.0	V	
Pyvivi Control Level	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0	-	0.15	V	
PWM Noise F	Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Control Fr	equency	fPWM	190	200	20k	Hz	(2)
DIMM Control D		5		100	%	(2), Suggestion @ 190Hz <f<sub>PWM&lt;1kHz</f<sub>	
PWM Control Do	-	20	-	100	%	(2), @ 1kHz≦f <sub>PWM</sub> <20kHz	
LED Life Ti	me	LL	50,000	-	-	Hrs	(3)

Note (1) LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



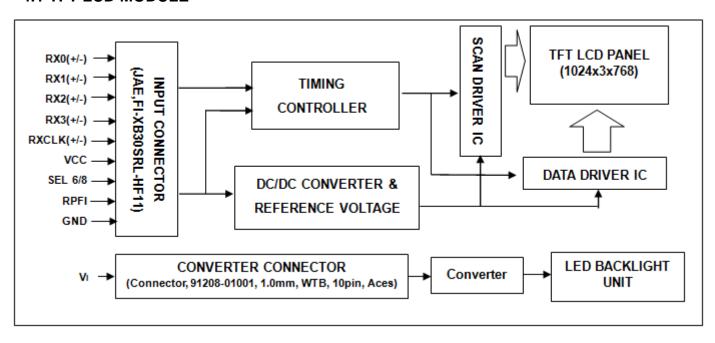
- Note (2) At 190 ~1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%.
  - 1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%.
  - If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenon on the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a suggestion that PWM control frequency should be less than 1KHz.
- Note (3) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 ±2 °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes ≤ 50% of its original value. Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.





### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

### **4.1 TFT LCD MODULE**





### 5. INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT

#### **5.1 TFT LCD MODULE**

J1 Connector Pin Assignment

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VCC	Power supply: +3.3V	-
2	VCC	Power supply: +3.3V	-
3	VCC	Power supply: +3.3V	-
4	GND	Ground	-
5	GND	Ground	-
6	GND	Ground	-
7	RPFI	Reverse Panel Function (Display Rotation)	(3)
8	NC	No Connection	(4)
9	NC	No Connection	(4)
10	NC	No Connection	(4)
11	SEL6/8	LVDS 6/8 bit select function control, Low or NC → 8 bit Input Mode High → 6bit Input Mode	(3)
12	GND	Ground	-
13	NC	No Connection	(4)
14	GND	Ground	-
15	RX0-	Negative transmission data of pixel 0	-
16	RX0+	Positive transmission data of pixel 0	-
17	GND	Ground	-
18	RX1-	Negative transmission data of pixel 1	-
19	RX1+	Positive transmission data of pixel 1	-
20	GND	Ground	-
21	RX2-	Negative transmission data of pixel 2	-
22	RX2+	Positive transmission data of pixel 2	-
23	GND	Ground	-
24	RXCLK-	Negative of clock	-
25	RXCLK+	Positive of clock	-
26	GND	Ground	-
27	RX3-	Negative transmission data of pixel 3	-
28	RX3+	Positive transmission data of pixel 3	-
29	GND	Ground	-
30	NC	No Connection	(4)

Note (1) Connector Part No.: P-TWO 187106-30091 or STM, MSCK2407P30.D or equivalent.

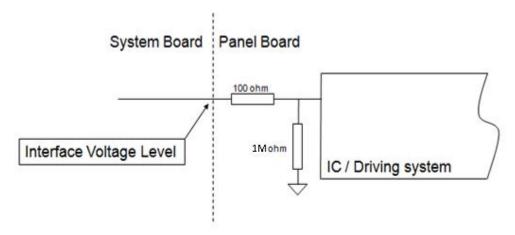
Note (2)User's connector Part No.: JAE FI-X30H(L) or equivalent.

Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connected".

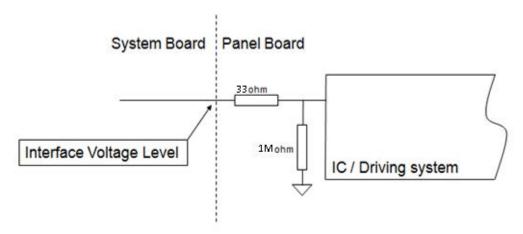
Note (4) Pin8, Pin9, Pin10, Pin13, Pin30 input signals should be set to no connection or ground, this module would operate normally.



### RPFI pin:



#### SEL6/8 pin:



#### **5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT (CONVERTER CONNECTOR PIN)**

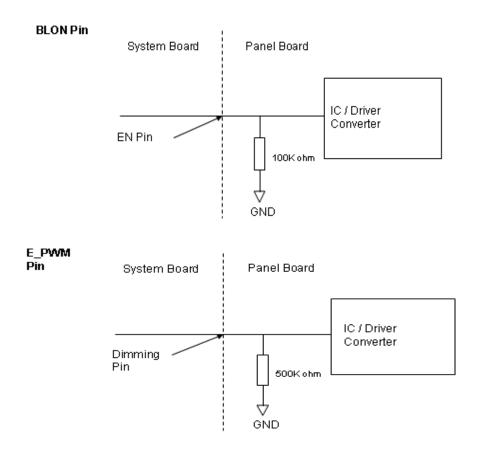
Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	V <sub>i</sub>	Converter input voltage	12V
2	V <sub>i</sub>	Converter input voltage	12V
3	V <sub>i</sub>	Converter input voltage	12V
4	V <sub>i</sub>	Converter input voltage	12V
5	$V_{GND}$	Converter ground	Ground
6	$V_{GND}$	Converter ground	Ground
7	$V_{GND}$	Converter ground	Ground
8	$V_{GND}$	Converter ground	Ground
9	EN	Enable pin	3.3V, Note (3)
10			PWM Dimming
	ADJ	Backlight Adjust	(190-210Hz, Hi: 3.3VDC,
			Lo: 0VDC) , Note (3)

Note (1) Connector Part No.: ACES,91208-01001-H01 or equivalent

Note (2)User's connector Part No.: ACES,91209-01011 or equivalent

Note (3) EN(BLON), ADJ(E\_PWM) as shown below:







### **5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color.

			Data Signal																
	Color			Re						Gre							ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	•	:	:	:	;				:	;
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	I	1	Ί	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

	0.1											Da		Sigr											
	Color				Re									reer					-		Blu				
	D	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7		G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2		B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oreen	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Diue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

#### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

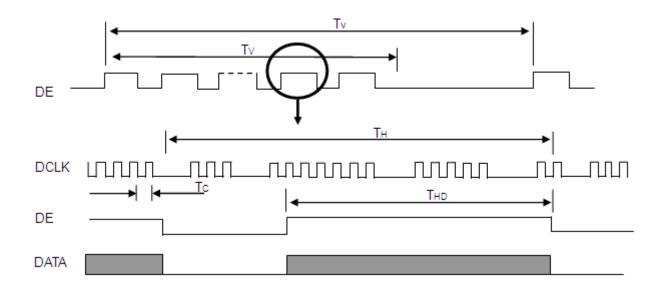
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	57.7	65	73.6	MHz	-
	Period	Tc	13.6	15.4	17.3	ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T <sub>rcl</sub>			200	ns	(a)
	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*Tc		0.02*Tc	ps	(b)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	0.987*Fc		1.013*Fc	MHz	(0)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>			200	KHz	(c)
	High Time	T <sub>ch</sub>		4/7		$T_ch$	
	Low Time	T <sub>cl</sub>		3/7		$T_ch$	
	Frame Rate	Fr		60		Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Display	Total	Tv	776	806	838	Th	-
Term	Active Display	Tvd	768	768	768	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	8	38	70	Th	-
	Total	Th	1240	1344	1464	Тс	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	Thd	1024	1024	1024	Тс	-
101111	Blank	Thb	216	320	440	Tc	-

Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

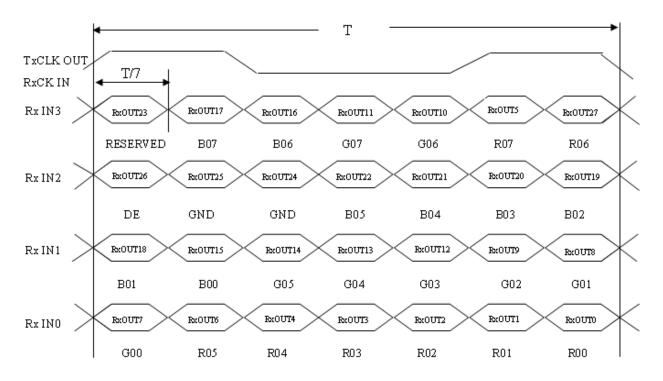
Note (2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

#### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**

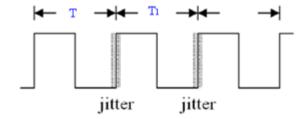




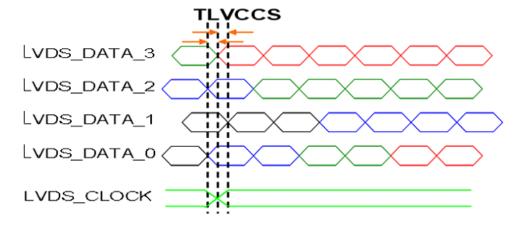
#### TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS



Note (a) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl =  $IT_1 - TI$ 

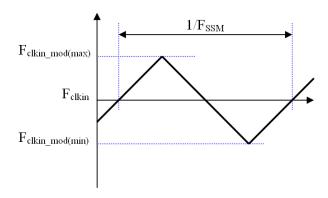


Note (b) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.





Note (c) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.

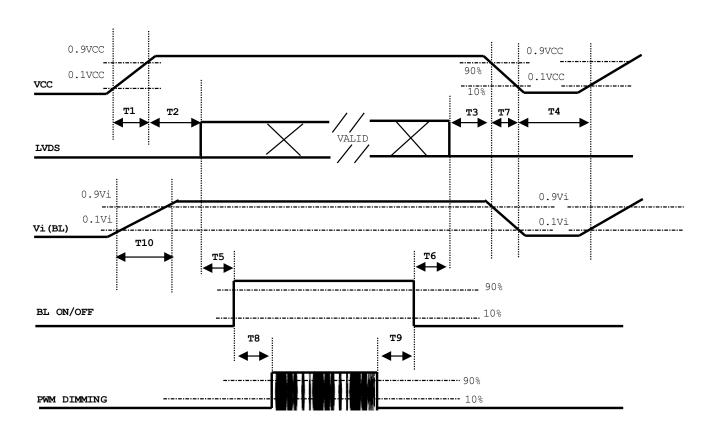




#### **6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.

### Power ON/OFF sequence



#### Note:

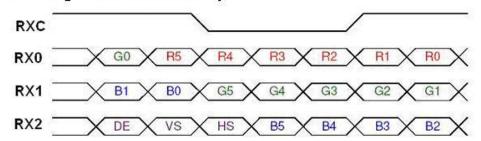
- (1)The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2)When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3)In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4)T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5)Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6)INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7)There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec".



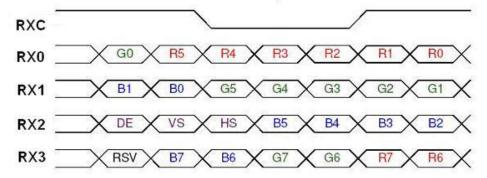
Deremeter		Linita		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5		10	ms
T2	0		50	ms
Т3	0		50	ms
T4	500			ms
T5	450			ms
T6	200			ms
T7	10		100	ms
Т8	10			ms
Т9	10			ms
T10	20		50	ms

#### **6.3 THE INPUT DATA FORMAT**

#### SEL 6/8 = "High" for 6 bits LVDS Input



### SEL 6/8 = "Low" or "NC" for 8 bits LVDS Input



Note (1) R/G/B data 7: MSB, R/G/B data 0: LSB

Note (2) Please follow PSWG



0: 111		B. constant C.
Signal Name	Description	Remark
R7	Red Data 7 (MSB)	Red-pixel Data
R6	Red Data 6	Each red pixel's brightness data consists of these
R5	Red Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
R4	Red Data 4	
R3	Red Data 3	
R2	Red Data 2	
R1	Red Data 1	
R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
G7	Green Data 7 (MSB)	Green-pixel Data
G6	GreenData 6	Each green pixel's brightness data consists of these
G5	GreenData 5	8 bits pixel data.
G4	GreenData 4	Section 1. Section 4.
G3	GreenData 3	
G2	GreenData 2	
G1	GreenData 1	
G0	GreenData 0 (LSB)	
B7	Blue Data 7 (MSB)	Blue-pixel Data
B6	Blue Data 6	Each blue pixel's brightness data consists of these
B5	Blue Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
B4	Blue Data 4	Accounted to the A. I. I have been added to the first state of the Accounted to the Account
B3	Blue Data 3	
B2	Blue Data 2	
B1	Blue Data 1	
В0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock Input	
RXCLKIN-	**************************************	
DE	Display Enable	
VS	Vertical Sync	
HS	Horizontal Sync	



### **6.4 SCANNING DIRECTION**

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

### Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig.2 Reverse Scan



PCBA on the top side

PCBA on the top side

- Fig. 1 Normal scan (pin 7, RPFI = Low or NC)
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 7, RPFI = High)



### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	оС			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	Accordin	ng to typical value and tole	erance in			
Input Signal	"ELEČTRIĆAL CHARACTERISTICS"					
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%			

### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2 and all items are measured at the center point of screen except white variation. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rx		0.599	0.649	0.699			
	Red	Ry		0.290	0.340	0.390			
	Green	Gx		0.270	0.320	0.370			
Color	Green	Gy		0.556	0.606	0.656	_	(1) (5)	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	0.099	0.149	0.199		(1), (5)	
	blue	Ву	Grayscale Maximum	0.005	0.055	0.105			
	White	Wx		0.263	0.313	0.363			
	vviile	Wy		0.279	0.329	0.379			
Center Lumina	nce of White	LC		400	500	-		(4), (5)	
Contrast	Ratio	CR		700	1000	-		(2), (5)	
Respons	o Timo	TR	θX=0°, θY =0°	-	13	18	-	(2)	
Respons	e mine	TF	₩=0 , ₩1 =0	-	12	17	-	(3)	
White Va	ariation	δW	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	72	80	-	%	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θX+		80	88	-			
Viewing Angle	Horizoniai	θX-	CR≧10	80	88	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	Vertical	θΥ+	ON≦ IU	80	88	-	Deg.	(1), (3)	
	vertical	θΥ-		80	88	-			

Definition:

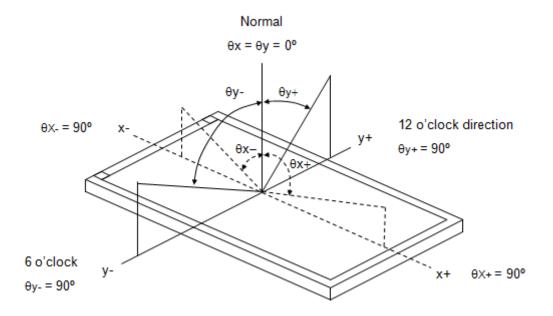
Grayscale Maximum: Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023; 8 bits: grayscale 255; 6 bits: grayscale 63)

White: Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black: Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)



Note (1)Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):

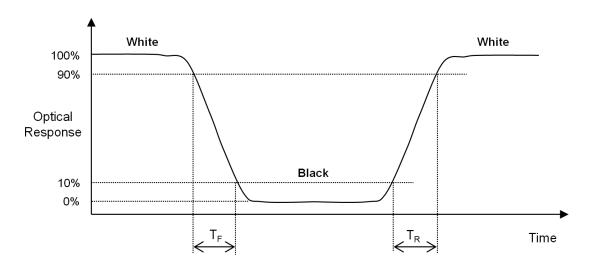


Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black Note

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T<sub>R</sub>, T<sub>F</sub>)



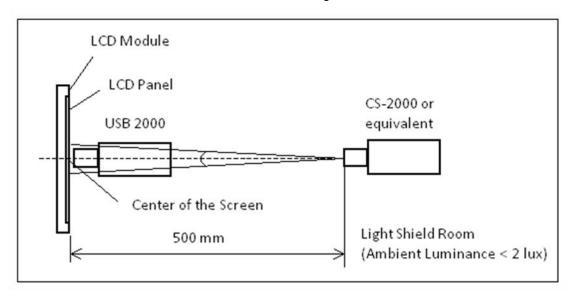
Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.



#### Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.

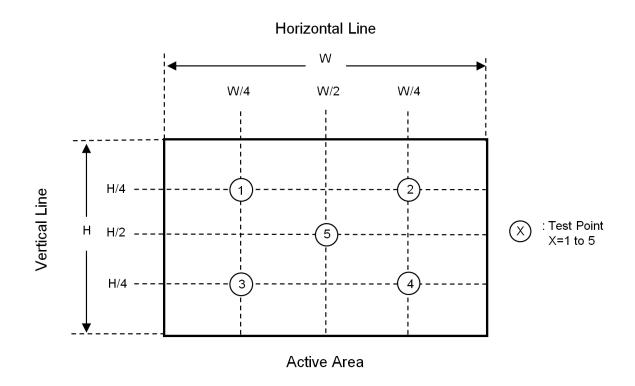


#### Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of White at 5 points.

Luminance of White : L(X), where X is from 1 to 5.

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Minimum } [L(1) \text{ to } L(5)]}{\text{Maximum } [L(1) \text{ to } L(5)]} \times 100\%$$





#### 8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	85°C, 240 hours	
Low Temperature Storage Test	-30°C, 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	-20°C, 0.5hour ←→ 70°C, 0.5hour; 100cycles, 1hour/cycle	
High Temperature Operation Test	85°C, 240 hours	(1),(2)
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C, 240 hours	(4),(5)
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	50°C, 80%RH, 240hours	
	150pF, 330Ω , 1 sec/cycle	
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, ±8 KV	(1),(4)
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15 KV	
Shock (Non-Operating)	50G, 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z direction	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 10 min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z direction	(2),(3)

- Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test,
- Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 85°C Max.
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.



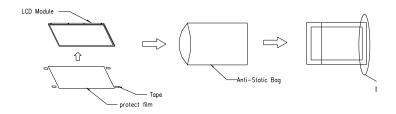


### 9. PACKAGING

### 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 24pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 490 (L) X 350 (W) X 320 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 13.1 Kg (24 modules per box)

#### 9.2 PACKING METHOD



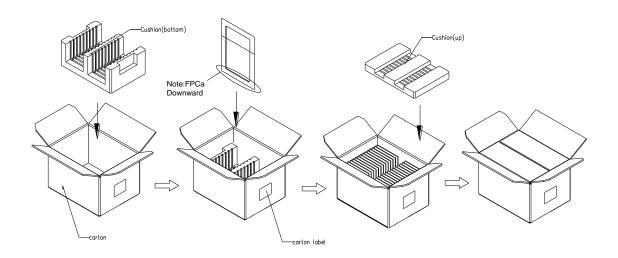


Figure.9-1 packing method



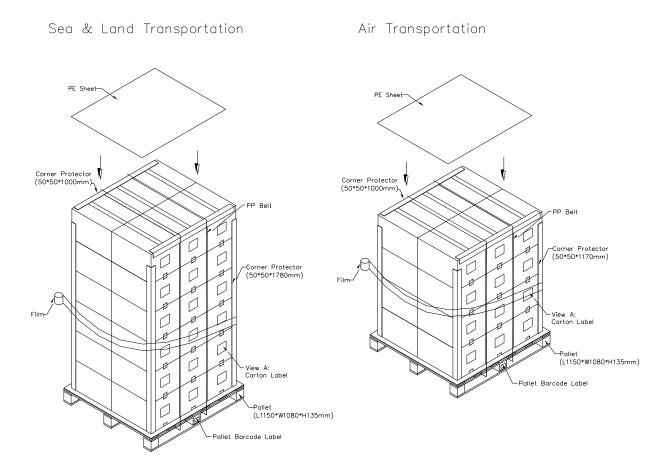


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

#### 9.3 UN-PACKING METHOD

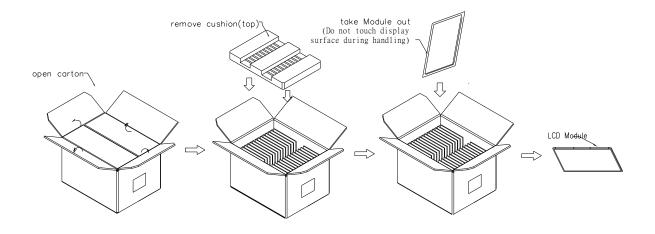


Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method

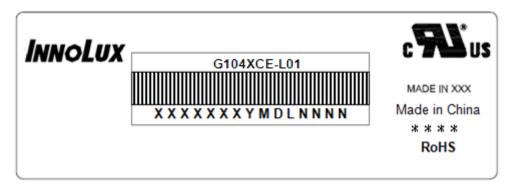
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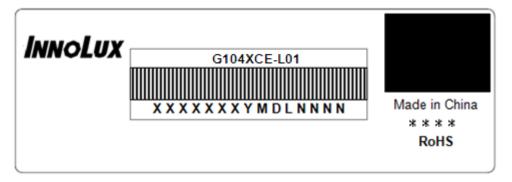


### 10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### **10.1 INNOLUX MODULE LABEL**

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

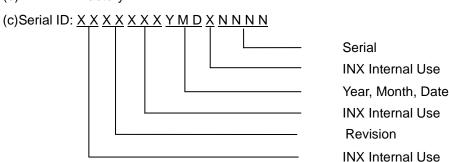




Note (1) Safety Compliance(UL logo) will open after C1 version.

(a)Model Name: G104XCE-L01

(b)\* \* \* \* : Factory ID



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

## INNOLUX 群創光電

### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 11. PRECAUTIONS

#### 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

#### 11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
  - (a) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
  - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
  - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
  - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
  - (e)The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3)It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4)It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response
  - time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

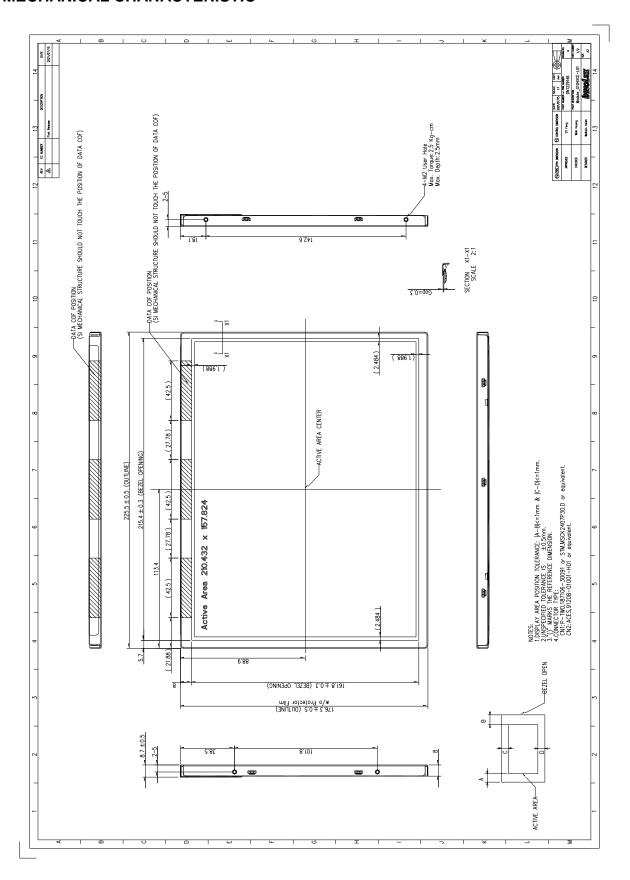


### 11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Normal operating condition
  - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)(Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
  - (a) Suitable operating time: under 16 hours a day.
  - (b) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
  - (c)Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.



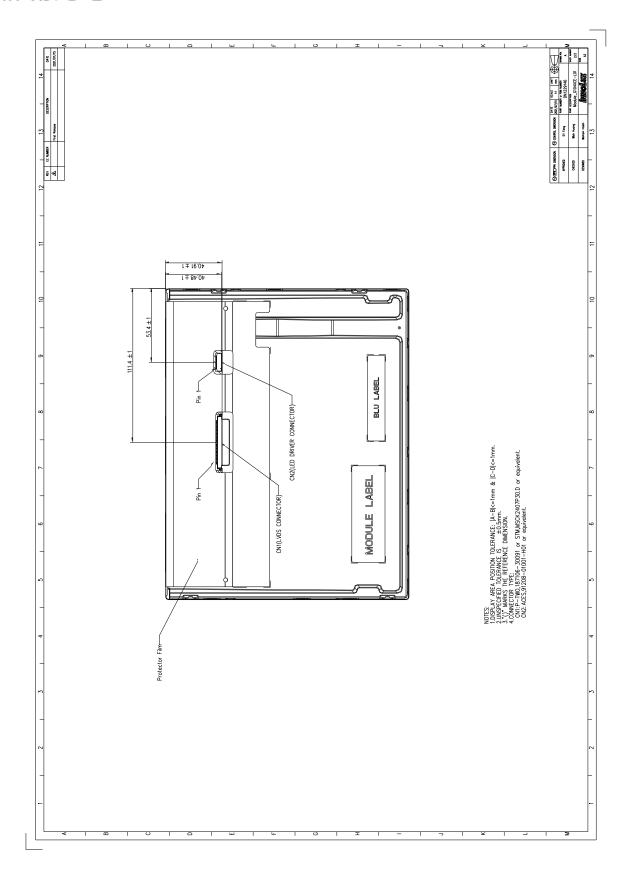
### 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC



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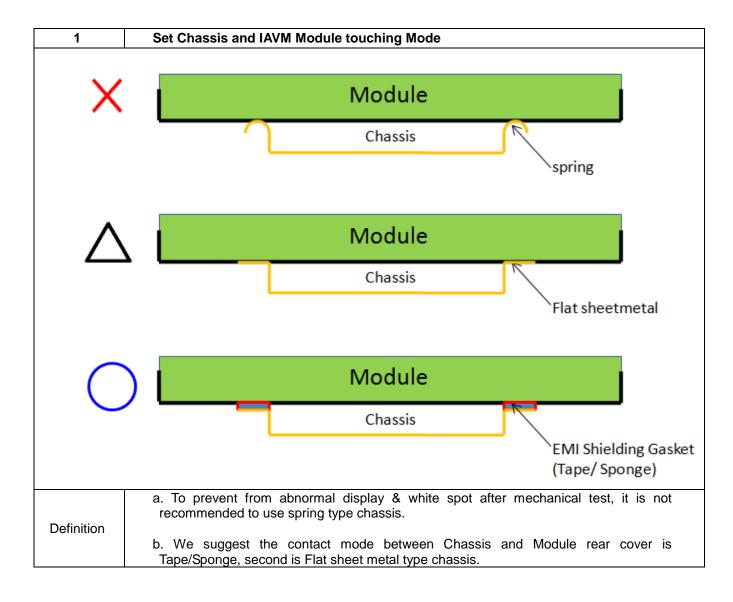




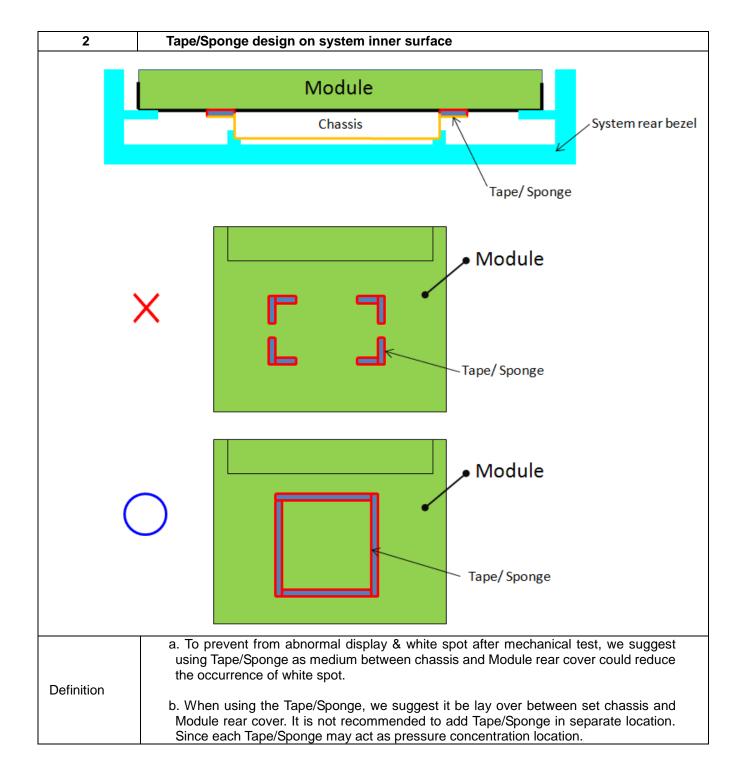
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Appendix . SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE

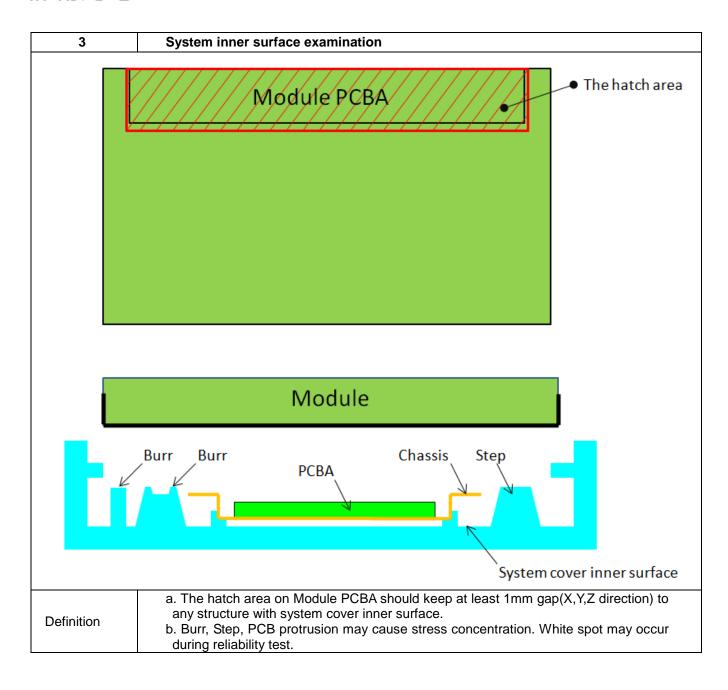






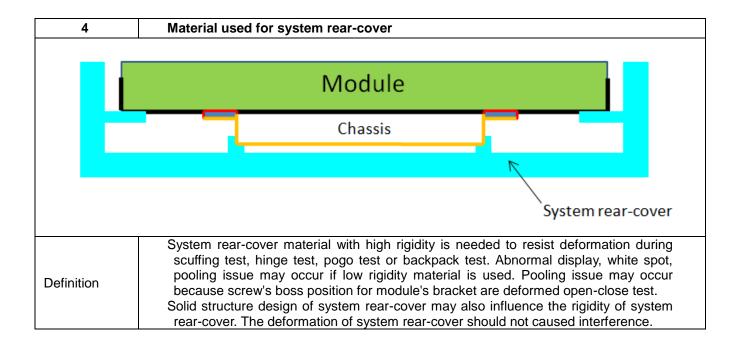
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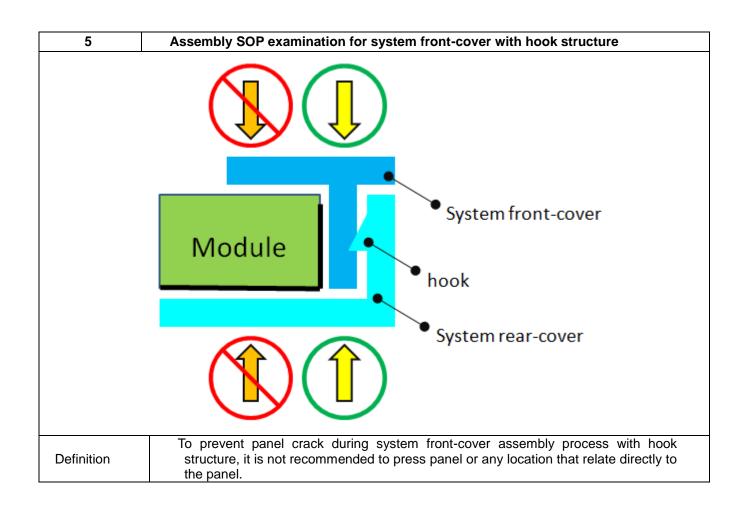




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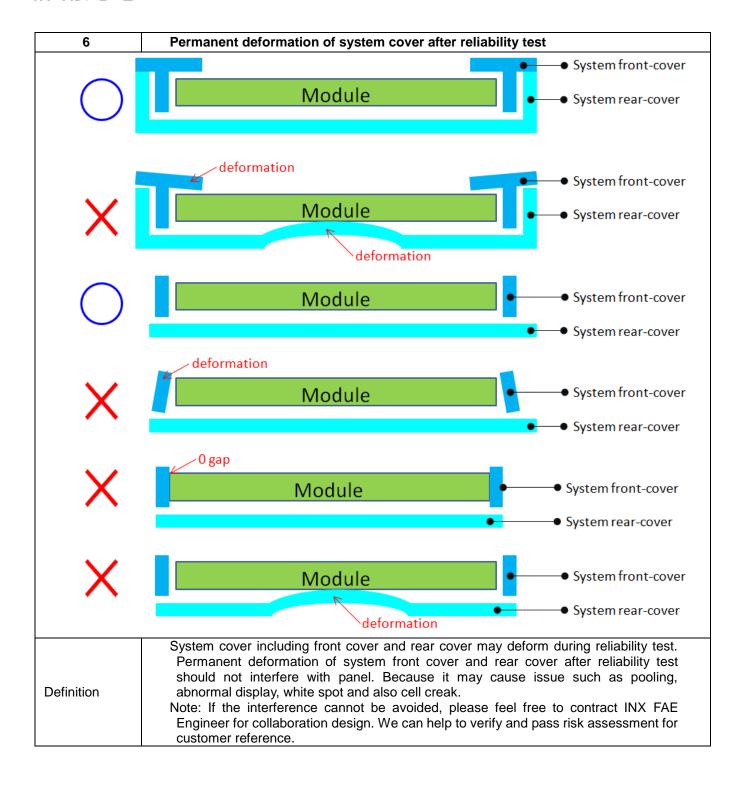






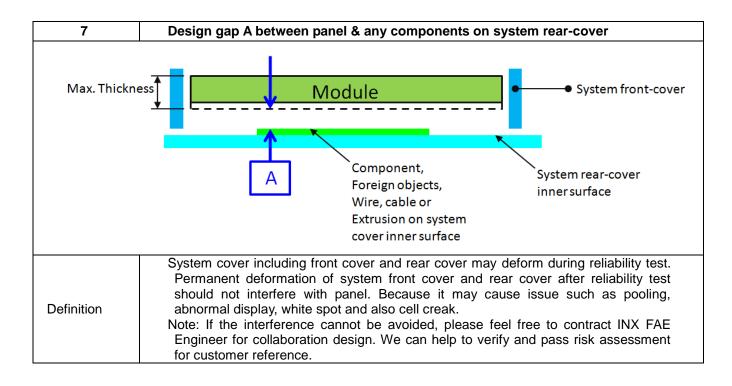
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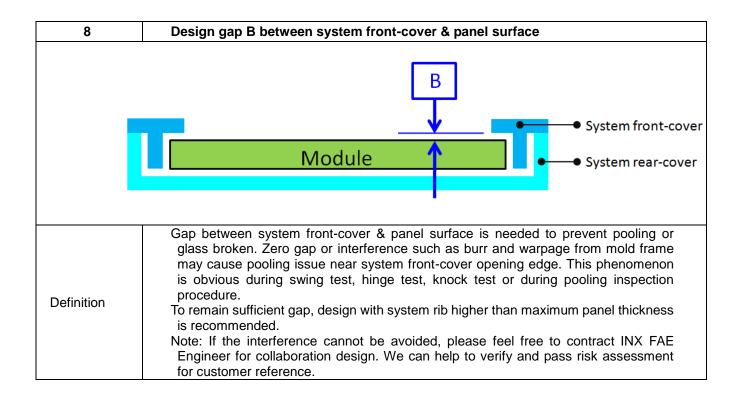




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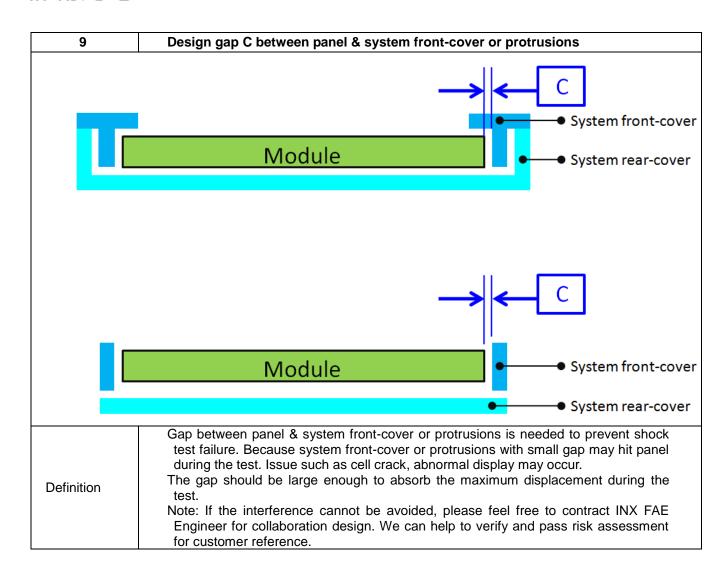






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