

# TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL192108AC18-02D

40cm (15.6 Type) FHD LVDS interface (2 ports)



This DATA SHEET is updated document from DATA SHEET DOD-PP-3095(2)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.



#### INTRODUCTION

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Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard is required to contact TMJ sales representative in advance

The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

The **Special:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and required high level reliability by conventional wisdom.

Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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#### 1. OUTLINE

#### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL192108AC18-02D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

### 1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

#### 1.3 FEATURES

- Ultra-Wide viewing angle (Super Fine TFT (SFT))
- High resolution
- High contrast
- Wide color gamut
- LVDS interface
- 8-bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Narrow border
- LED backlight built in LED driver
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU)
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Acquisition product for UL62368-1/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1-14 (File number: E170632)



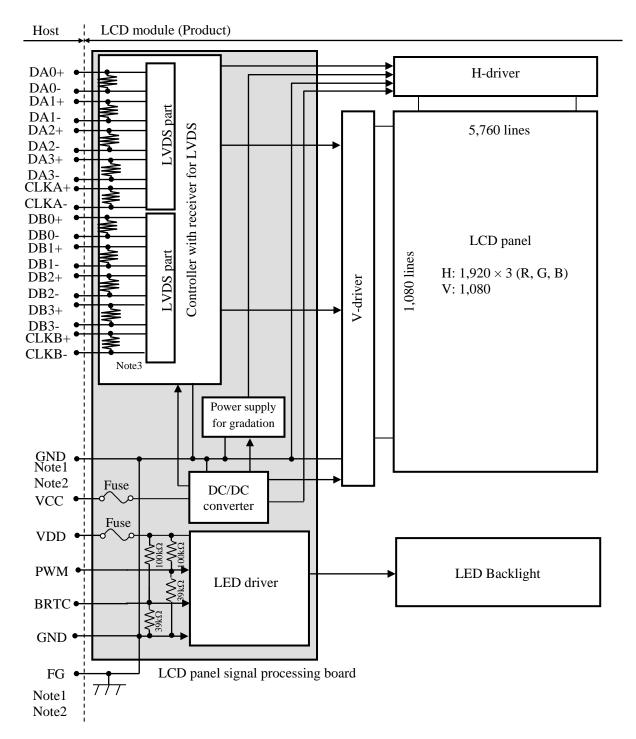


# 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	344.16 (H) × 193.59 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	40cm (15.6 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors
Pixel	1,920 (H) × 1,080 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.05975 (H) × 0.17925 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	$0.17925 \text{ (H)} \times 0.17925 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Module size	363.8 (W) × 215.9 (H) × 6.3 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	610g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	1,000:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1  • Horizontal: Right side 88° (typ.), Left side 88° (typ.)  • Vertical: Up side 88° (typ.), Down side 88° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	Viewing angle with optimum grayscale ( $\gamma = 2.2$ ): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 72% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 25ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 400cd/m² (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS interface (2 ports) [8-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12.0V
Backlight	LED backlight built in LED driver
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern 13.7W (typ.)



#### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND- FG	Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Each pair of the LVDS signal has a  $100\Omega$  terminating resistance.



### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit	
Module size	$363.8 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 215.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 6.3 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	344.16 (H) × 193.59 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	610 (typ.), 670 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter			Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply	LCD panel sign	nal proces	sing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V			
voltage	LE	D driver		VDD	-0.3 to +15.0	v			
Input voltage for	LCD panel sign processing bo	-	Display signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	Ta = 25°C		
signals	I D'	D driver		PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V			
	LE.	D diriver		BRTC	-0.3 to +5.5	V			
	Storage temperati	ıre		Tst	-20 to +70	°C	-		
0		Fron	nt surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note2		
Operating to	emperature	Rea	r surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note3		
					≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C		
	Relative humidit	ty		RH	≤ 85	%	$40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{Ta} \le 50^{\circ}\text{C}$		
	Note4			КП	≤ 55	%	50°C < Ta ≤ 60°C		
					≤ 36	%	60°C < Ta ≤ 70°C		
	Absolute humidi Note4	ty		АН	≤ 70 Note5	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta = 70°C		

Note1: DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CLKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, CLKB+/-

Note2: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note3: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note4: No condensation

Note5: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%



#### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta= 25^{\circ}C, Note1)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	530 Note2	1,000 Note3	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC Note4, Note5, Note6
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	1	mV	Note7, Note8
Input Differential Voltage		VID	100	400	600	mV	-
Differential Input Common Voltage	Mode	VCM	0.7	1.2	1.6	V	-
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: Checkered flag pattern [by IEC 61747-6]

Note3: Pattern for maximum current

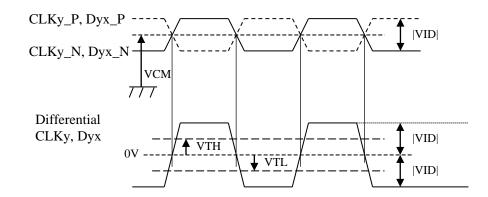
Note4: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

Note5: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note6: The load variation influence does not include.

Note7: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note8: DC characteristics (LVDS receiver part)





#### 4.3.2 LED driver

(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

Parameter	ſ	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	-
Power supply current		IDD	1	1,000	1,400 Note2	mA	at VDD= 12.0V, at the maximum luminance control
Permissible ripple vol	ltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD Note3, Note4,Note5
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	5.0	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	0	-	0.4	V	
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	5.0	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.8	V	
Input current for	High	IDFH1	-	-	300	μΑ	Note6
PWM signal	Low	IDFL1	-300	-	-	μΑ	
Input current for	High	IDFH2	-	-	300	μΑ	
BRTC signal	Low	IDFL2	-300	-	-	μΑ	
PWM freque	PWM frequency			-	1k	Hz	Note7, Note8
PWM duty r	DR <sub>PWM</sub>	1	-	100	%	Note9, Note10, Note11	
PWM pulse w	idth	tPWH	20	-	-	μs	Note10, Note11

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

Note4: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note5: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on.

Note6: See "3. BLOCK DIAGRAM".

Note 7: A recommended 
$$f_{PWM}$$
 value is as follows.  

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note8: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note9:

$$DR_{PWM} = \frac{tPWH}{tPW}$$

tPWH: PWM pulse width, tPW: PWM dimming cycle (= 1/fPWM)

Note10: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than minimum value. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

Note11: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.

### 4.3.3 Fuse

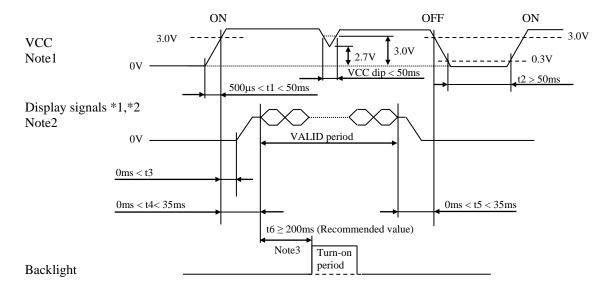
Danamatan		Fuse	Datin -	Essina assument	Remarks	
Parameter	Type	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current		
VCC	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A		
VCC	FCC10152AB	CO., LTD	36V	5 seconds	NI-4-1	
VDD	ECC1 (202 A D	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note1	
VDD	FCC16202AB	CO., LTD	36V	5 seconds		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.



### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

### 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board

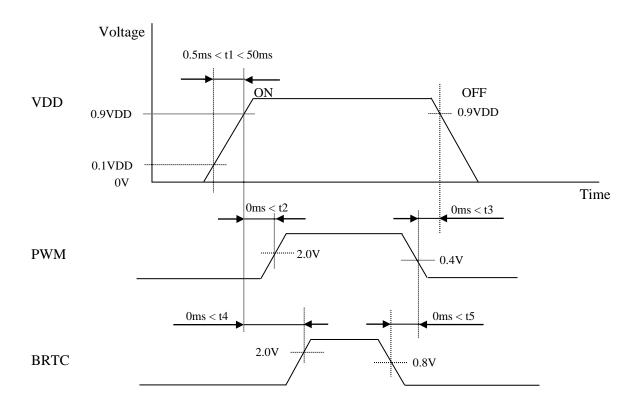


- \*1 DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CLKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, CLKB+/-
- \*2 These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.
- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CLKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, CLKB+/-) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.
  - If some of display signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display signals, VCC also must be shut down.
- Note3: In order to avoid unstable data display, the backlight is recommended to turn on within the VALID period of display and function signals.

Recommended value:  $t6 \ge 200 \text{ms}$ 



### 4.4.2 LED driver





### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): MDF76KBW-30S-1H(55) (HIROSE ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable plug: MDF76-30P-1C (HIROSE ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	DA0-		N 1
2	DA0+	Odd pixel data 0	Note1
3	DA1-		N I
4	DA1+	Odd pixel data 1	Note1
5	DA2-		N-4-1
6	DA2+	Odd pixel data 2	Note1
7	GND	Ground	Note2
8	CLKA-	Odd mired algebr	Note1
9	CLKA+	Odd pixel clock	Note1
10	DA3-		N-4-1
11	DA3+	Odd pixel data 3	Note1
12	DB0-	Even winel data 0	N-4-1
13	DB0+	Even pixel data 0	Note1
14	GND	Ground	Note2
15	DB1-	Even nivel data 1	Note1
16	DB1+	Even pixel data 1	Note1
17	GND	Ground	Note2
18	DB2-	Even pixel data 2	Note1
19	DB2+	Even pixel data 2	Note1
20	CLKB-	Even pixel clock	Note1
21	CLKB+	Even pixel clock	rvote1
22	DB3-	Evan pival data 3	Note1
23	DB3+	Even pixel data 3	Note1
24	GND	Ground	Note2
25	GND	Ground	Note2
26	GND	Ground	Note2
27	GND	Ground	Note2
28 29 30	VCC	Power supply	Note2

Note1: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note2: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.



### 4.5.2 LED driver

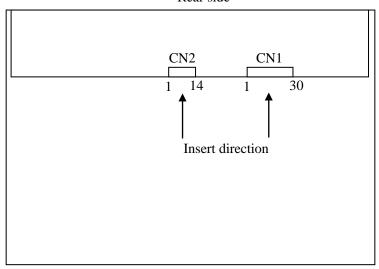
CN2 socket (LCD module side): DF19L-14P-1H(54)(HIROSE ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable plug: DF19-14S-1C (HIROSE ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Description				
1	VDD						
2	VDD						
3	VDD	Power supply	Note1				
4	VDD						
5	VDD						
6	GND						
7	GND						
8	GND	LED driver ground	Note1				
9	GND						
10	GND						
11	RSVD	Keep this pin open.	-				
12	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	High or Open: Backlight ON Low: Backlight OFF				
13	PWM	Luminance control	PWM dimming				
14	GND	LED driver ground	Note1				

Note1: All VDD and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

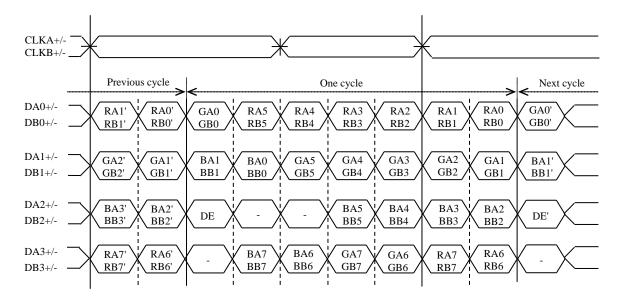
# 4.5.3 Positions of socket

Rear side





# 4.5.4 Input data mapping



Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7
 Note2: Twist pair wires with 100 Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.



### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors with 256 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

									Da	ata si	gnal	(0: ]	Low	leve	1, 1:	High	leve	el)							
Disp	olay colors	RA7	RA6	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RAO	GA7	GA6	GA5	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	BA7	BA6	BA5	BA4	BA3	BA2	BA1	BAO
		RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	GB7	GB6	GB5	GB4	GB3	GB2	GB1	GB0	BB7	BB6	BB5	BB4	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Co	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bį	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ıle	41-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scs	dark ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	1																				:				
ed g	<b>↓</b> bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R	origin	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	$\uparrow$				:	:							:	:							:	:			
Green gray scale	$\downarrow$				:	:							:	:							:	:			
iree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ay.	<b>↑</b>				:	:							:	:							:	:			
Blue gray scale	$\downarrow$				:	:							:	:							:	:			
Blū	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



# 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

D (1, 1)  RA GA													
$\left( D(1,1) \right)$	D(2, 1)	• • •	D(959, 1)	D(960, 1)	• • •	D(1919, 1)	D(1920, 1)						
D(1, 2)	D(2, 2)	• • •	D(959, 2)	D(960, 2)	• • •	D(1919, 2)	D(1920, 2)						
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•						
D(1, Y)	D(2, Y)	• • •	D(959, Y)	D(960, Y)	• • •	D(1919, Y)	D(1920, Y)						
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•						
D(1, 1079)	D(2, 1079)	• • •	D(959, 1079)	D(960, 1079)	• • •	D(1919, 1079)	D(1920, 1079)						
D(1, 1080)	D(2, 1080)	• • •	D(959, 1080)	D(960, 1080)	• • •	D(1919, 1080)	D(1920, 1080)						

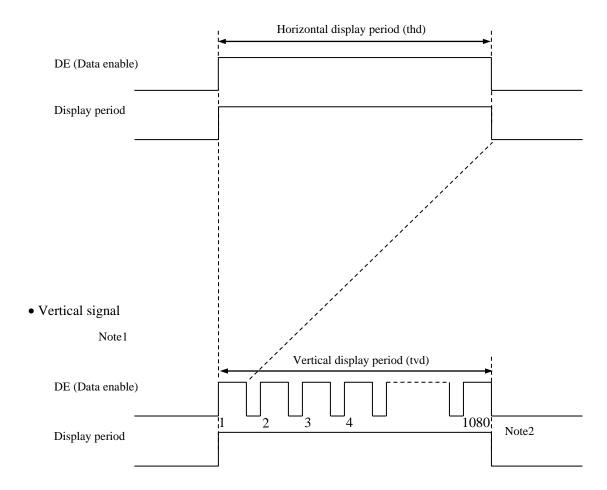


# 4.8 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

# 4.8.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.8.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.



# 4.8.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
	Frequency		1/tc	65.0	74.175	81.5	MHz	13.48ns (typ.)	
CLK	Duty ratio		-				-		
	Rise time, Fall time		-	-			ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns		
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-				ns	-	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns		
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	13.19	14.83	16.53	μs	67.43kHz (typ.)	
				1,075	1,100	1	CLK	07.43KHZ (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	960		CLK	-		
	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	15.39	16.68	18.18	ms	50 04Hz (trip)	
DE				1,100	1,125	-	Н	59.94Hz (typ.)	
		Display period	tvd		1,080		Н	-	
	CLV DE	Setup time	-				ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-	-		ns	-		
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

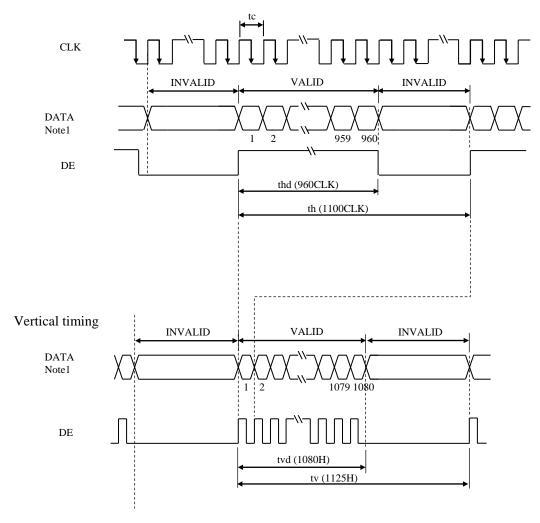
Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).



# 4.8.3 Input signal timing chart

# Horizontal timing



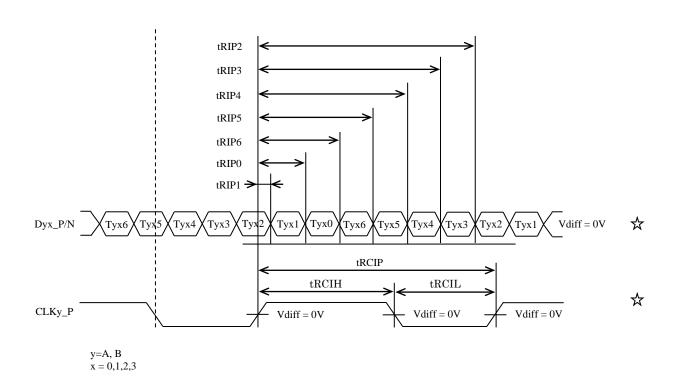
Note1: DATA (A) = RA0-RA7, GA0-GA7, BA0-BA7 DATA (B) = RB0-RB7, GB0-GB7, BB0-BB7

☆



### 4.9 LVDS Rx AC SPEC

Symbol	Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Units
trcip	CLKy_P+ Period	12.27	-	15.38	ns
t <sub>RCIH</sub>	CLKy_P + High pulse width	-	$\frac{4}{7}t_{\text{\tiny RCIP}}$	-	ns
trcil	CLKy_P + Low pulse width	-	$\frac{3}{7} t_{\text{\tiny RCIP}}$	-	ns
trmg	Receiver Data Input Margin	-0.4	-	0.4	ns
t <sub>RIP1</sub>	Input Data Position0	-  t <sub>rmg</sub>	0.0	+  t <sub>RMG</sub>	ns
$t_{ m RIP0}$	Input Data Position1	$rac{ ext{trcip}}{7}$ – $  ext{trmg} $	$\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7}$	$\frac{t_{\text{RCIP}}}{7} +  t_{\text{RMG}} $	ns
$t_{ m RIP6}$	Input Data Position2	$2\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} -  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	$2\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$2\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} +  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	ns
t <sub>RIP5</sub>	Input Data Position3	$3\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} -  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	$3\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$	$3\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} +  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	ns
t <sub>RIP4</sub>	Input Data Position4	$4\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7} -  t_{\rm RMG} $	$4\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$	$4\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} +  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	ns
t <sub>RIP3</sub>	Input Data Position5	$5\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} -  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	$5\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$	$5\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7} +  t_{RMG} $	ns
t <sub>RIP2</sub>	Input Data Position6	$6\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} -  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	$6\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7}$	$6\frac{\mathrm{t_{RCIP}}}{7} +  \mathrm{t_{RMG}} $	ns





### **4.10 OPTICS**

### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

		,							(Note2)
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	280	400	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A or equivalent	_
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	600	1,000	-	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	1	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note/
	3371 14	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	White	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.630	-	-		Note5
CI		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.335	-	-		
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.290	-	-	SR-3 or	
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.620	-	-	equivalent	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.155	-	-		
		y coordinate	By	-	0.065	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta$ R= 0°, $\theta$ L= 0°, $\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	65	72	-	%		
Response time		Black to White	Ton	-	12	20	ms	BM-5A or	Note6
		White to Black	Toff	-	13	20	ms	equivalent	Note7
Viewing angle	Right	$\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0°, CR $\geq$ 10	$\theta R$	70	88	-	0		
	Left	$\theta$ U= 0°, $\theta$ D= 0°, CR $\geq$ 10	θL	70	88	-	0	EZ	Note8
	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ},  \theta L = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θU	70	88	-	0	Contrast	
	Down	$\theta R=0^{\circ},  \theta L=0^{\circ},  CR \geq 10$	$\theta D$	70	88	-	0		

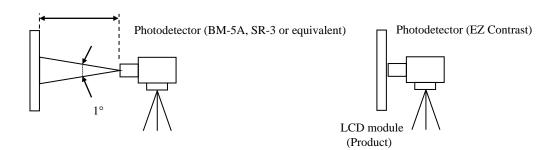
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD=12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%,

Display mode: FHD, Horizontal cycle= 1/67.43kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz,

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 29°C Note7: See "**4.10.4 Definition of response times**". Note8: See "**4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles**".



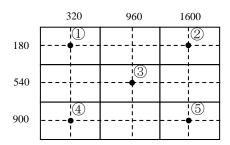
#### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

### 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

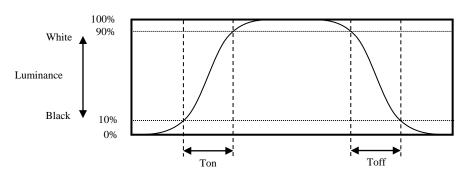
The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

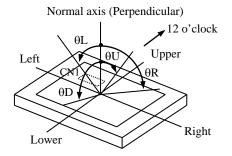


# 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "black" to "white", or "white" to "black" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10% (See the following diagram.).



### 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





### 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

# This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio:100%	50,000	
LED elementary substance	70°C (Temperature of LCD panel surface and rear shield surface) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio:100%		h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

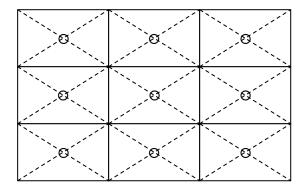


### 6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Test item Condition			
High temperature and humidity (Operation)				
High temperature (Operation)				
Low temperature (Operation)	① -20 ± 3°C, 300hours ② Display data is white.			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	No display malfunctions			
ESD (Operation)				
Dust (Operation)	<ol> <li>Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)</li> <li>15 seconds stir</li> <li>8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ol>			
Vibration (Non operation)	No display malfunctions No physical damages			
Mechanical shock (Non operation)				

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





#### 7. PRECAUTIONS

#### 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

# 7.2 CAUTIONS



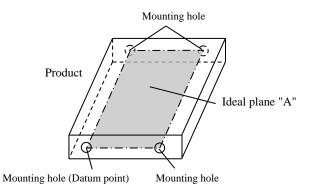
\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than  $294 \text{m/s}^2$  and equal to or no greater than 11 ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ( $\phi 16 \text{mm jig}$ ))

# 7.3 ATTENTIONS



### 7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ④ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5mm.
- 6 The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura. Recommended installing method: Ideal plane "A" is defined by one mounting hole (datum point) and other mounting holes. The ideal plane "A" should be the same plane within ±0.3 mm.





- ② Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

#### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- 4 This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

#### 7.3.3 Characteristics

### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of backlight driving circuit may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of backlight driving circuit so that the interference noise does not appear.



#### **7.3.4** Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- 3 Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to TMJ.
- 4 The information of China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

China RoHS ( $\Pi$ ) six hazardous substances or elements							
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)		
×	0	0	0	0	0		

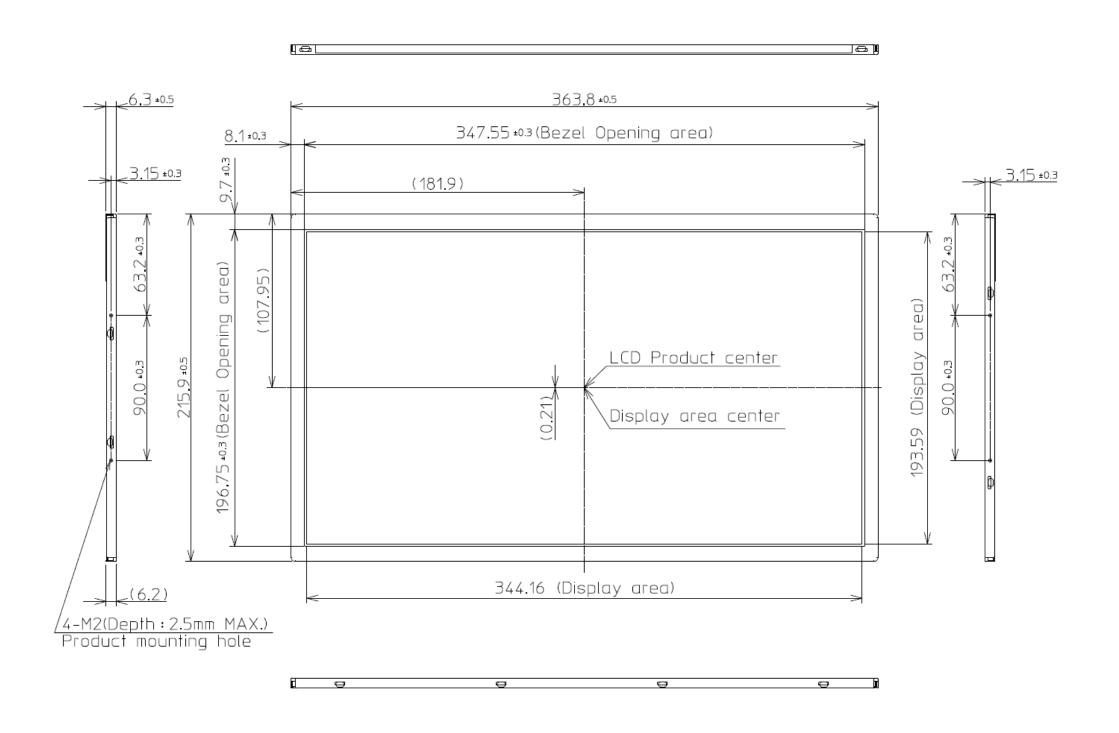
Note1: O: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.

X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.



### 8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW

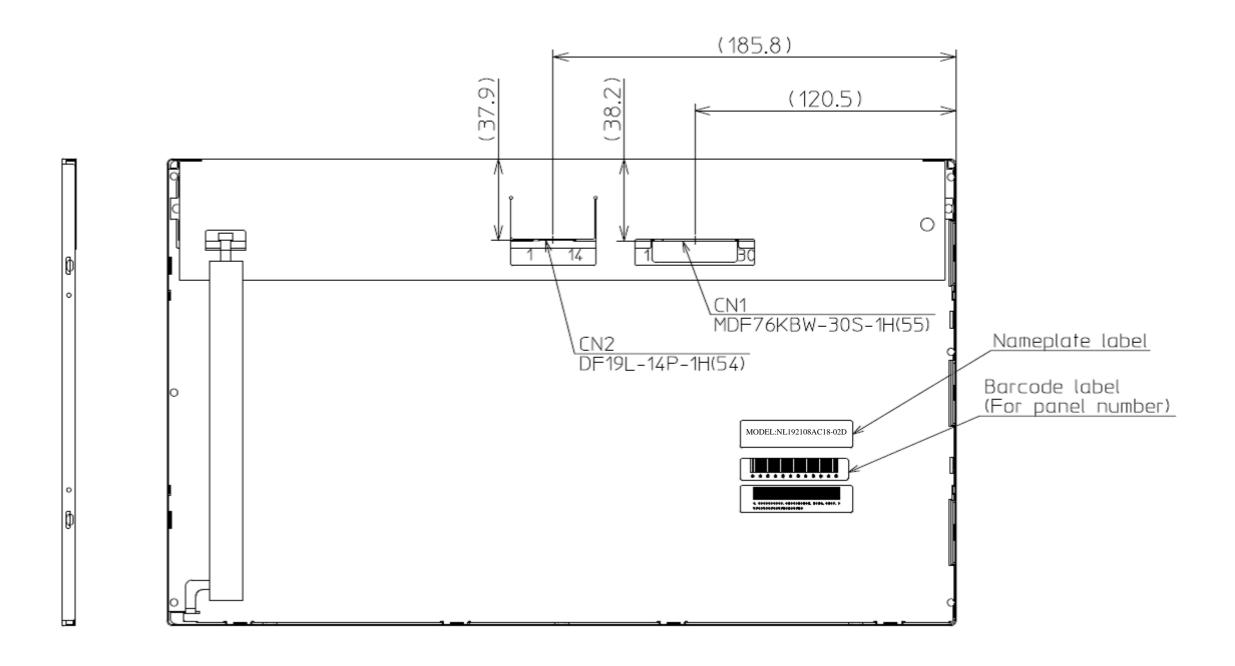


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be  $\leq 2.5$ mm.

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Unit: mm