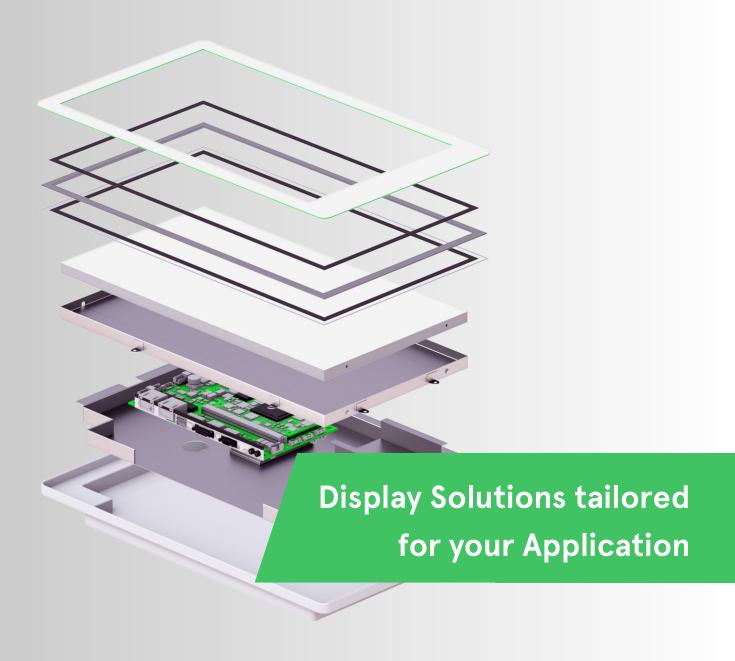
LVNET EMBEDDED



DATASHEET

TX16D207VM0BAA



Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS:	DATE : Aug. 21st ,202

CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS TX16D207VM0BAA

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ACCEPTED BY: _____ PROPOSED BY: Oblack Tsai

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2. RE	2. RECORD OF REVISION					
DATE	SHEET No.		SUMMARY			
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3. GENERAL DATA

3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 6.2" HVGA of 8:3 format amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R (red), G (green), B (blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX16D207M0BAA
Module Dimensions	173.0(W) mm x 70.0(H) mm x 7.0 (D) mm max.
LCD Active Area	148.8(W) mm x 53.76(H) mm
Dot Pitch	0.0775(W) mm x 3 (R.G.B) (W) X0.224 (H) mm
Resolution	640 x 3(RGB)(W) x 240(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally Black
Polarizer Surface	Anti-glare
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	262k Colors
Backlight	Light Emitting Diode (LED)
Weight	110g (typ.)
Interface	LVDS (20 pins)
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight
Power Consumption	0.59 W for LCD; 1.008W for Backlight
Viewing Direction	Super Wide Version (In-Plane Switching)

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3	5	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	Vı	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Voltage	VLED	-	15	V	-

- Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK and pixel data bus.
- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
 - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.
 - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

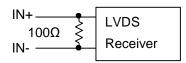
5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25$ °C, Vss = 0V

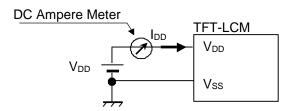
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Differential Input		ViH	-	-	+100		
Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	Vı	VıL	-100	-	-	mV	Note 1
Power Supply Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} -V _{SS} =3.3V	-	180	260	mA	Note 2,3
Vsync Frequency	f_{v}	-	-	60	68	Hz	
Hsync Frequency	$f_{\scriptscriptstyle H}$	-	15	17.4	19.8	KHz	Note 4
DCLK Frequency	$f_{\it CLK}$	-	18.6	22.45	26.5	MHz	

Note 1: VCM=+1.2V

VCM is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter/receiver. The input terminal of LVDS transmitter is terminated with 100Ω .



Note 2: An all white check pattern is used when measuring I_DD. $f_{_{V}}$ is set to 60Hz.



Note 3: 0.5A fuse is applied in the module for I_{DD}. For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 1.0A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

Note 4: For LVDS transmitter input.

5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_a = 25 \, {}^{\circ}C$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	V _{LED}	Backlight Unit	11.5	12.0	12.5	V	Note1
LED Forward Current	I _{LED}	Backlight Unit	-	84	95	mA	-
LED Lifetime	-	84 mA	-	50K	-	hrs	Note 2

Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the LED backlight circuit. V_{LED} and I_{LED} is many-to-one relationship, the above V_{LED} range is defined to obtain 84mA.

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 84mA at $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.

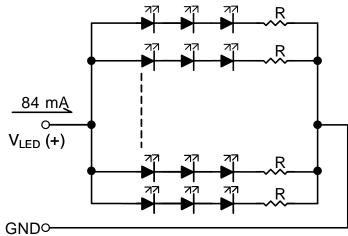


Fig. 5.1

6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25°C.
- In the dark room less than 100 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

 $T_a = 25 \, ^{\circ}C, f_v = 60 \, \text{Hz}, \, \text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 3.3 \, \text{V}$

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Brightness of	f White	ite -		320	400	-	cd/m²	Note 1
Brightness Ur	niformity	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ},$	75	-	ı	%	Note 2
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	I _{LED} = 84mA	600	1200	-	-	Note 3
Response	Time	Rise + Fall	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	40	-	ms	Note 4
NTSC Ra	atio	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	60	-	%	-
		θx	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	70	85	-		
Viewie e A	مام	$\theta x'$	$\phi = 180^\circ$, CR ≥ 10	70	85	-	Doggood	Note 5
viewing A	Viewing Angle		$\phi = 90^{\circ}$, CR \geq 10	70	85	-	Degree	Note 5
		$\theta \mathrm{y}'$	$\phi = 270^{\circ}$, CR ≥ 10	70	85	-		
	Dod	X		0.58	0.63	0.68		
	Red	Υ		0.31	0.36	0.41		
	Croon	X		0.31	0.36	0.41		
Color	Green	Υ	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.55	0.60	0.65		Note 6
Chromaticity	Dive	Χ	$\varphi = 0$, $\theta = 0$	0.10	0.15	0.20	_	Note 6
	Blue	Υ		0.02	0.07	0.12		
	\\/bito	Χ		0.26 0.3		0.36		
	White	Y		0.27	0.32	0.37		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from 9 point average value of the panel, P1~P9 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

Brightness uniformity =
$$\frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}}$$
 X100%

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.

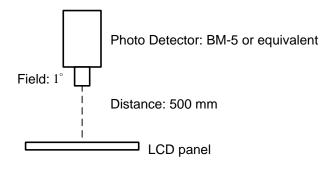


Fig. 6.1

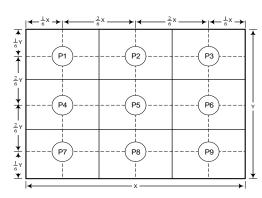


Fig. 6.2

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Note 3: The Contrast ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 10% brightness to 90% brightness when the data is from black to white. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 90% brightness falling to 10% brightness.

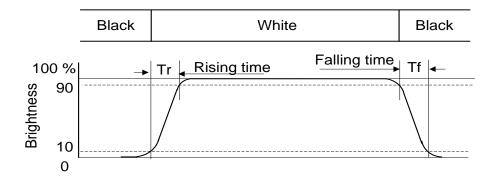


Fig. 6.3

Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle ϕ is used to represent viewing directions, for instance, $\phi = 270^{\circ}$ means 6 o'clock, and $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle θ is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The display is super wide viewing angle version, so that the best optical performance can be obtained from every viewing direction.

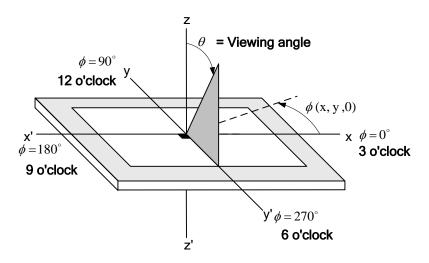
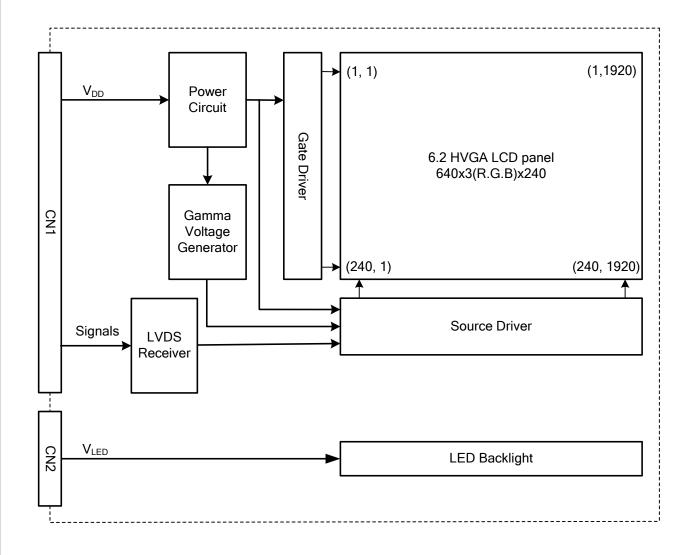


Fig. 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2

7. BLOCK DIAGRAM

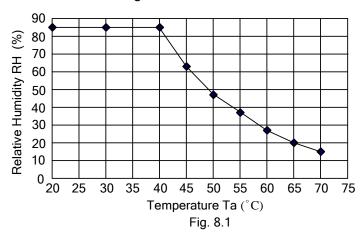


Note 1: Signals are CLK and pixel data pairs.

8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition			
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 70 °C	240 hrs		
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -20°C	240 hrs		
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80 °C	240 hrs		
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30 °C	240 hrs		
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) -20°C ~70°C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs		
Thermal Shock	 1) Non-Operating 2) -35 °C ↔ 85 °C 3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr 	240 hrs		
High Temperature & Humidity	1) Operating 2) 40°C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation	240 hrs (Note4)		
Vibration	1) Non-Operating 2) 20~200 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions	1 hr for each direction		
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms 3) 50G 4) ±X, ±Y and ±Z directions	Once for each direction		
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 150 pF, 330Ω 3) Air discharge for glass: \pm 8KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: \pm 8KV	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points (Note3)		

- Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.
- Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.
- Note 3: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by \pm 100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.
- Note 4: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40° C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.



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9. LCD INTERFACE

9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is FI-SEB20P-HF13E-E1500 made by JAE and pin assignment is as below:

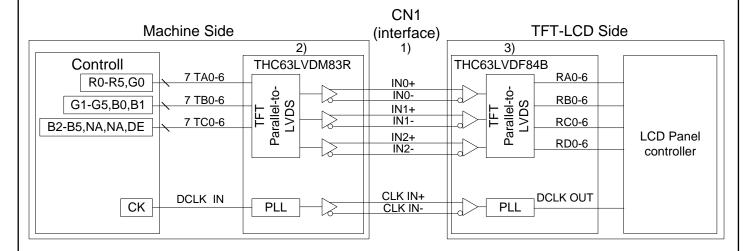
Pin No.	Signal	Signal	Pin No.	Signal	Signal
1	V_{DD}	Dower Cupply for Logic	11	IN2-	D2 D5 D5
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply for Logic	12	IN2+	B2~B5, DE
3	V _{SS}	CND	13	V_{SS}	GND
4	Vss	GND	14	CLK IN-	
5	INO-		15	CLK	Pixel Clock
		R0~R5, G0		IN+	
6	IN0+		16	Vss	GND
7	Vss	GND	17	NC	No Connection
8	IN1-	C4 C5 D0 D4	18	NC	No Connection
9	IN1+	G1~G5, B0~B1	19	NC	No Connection
10	Vss	GND	20	NC	No Connection

Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

The backlight interface connector (CN2) is BHR-03VS-1 made by JST, and pin assignment is as below:

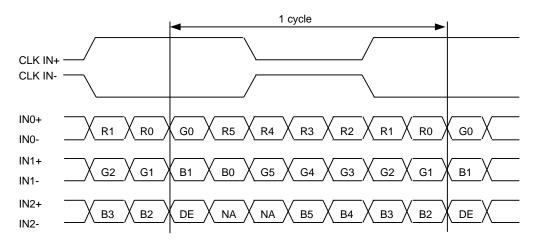
Pin No.	Signal	Level	Function
1	V _{LED} +	-	Power Supply for LED
2	NC	-	No Connection
3	V _{LED} -	-	GND

9.2 LVDS INTERFACE



- Note 1: LVDS cable impedance should be 100 ohms per signal line when each 2-lines (+, -) is used in differential mode.
- Note 2: The recommended transmitter, THC63LVDM83R, is made by Thine or equivalent, which is not contained in the module.
- Note 3: The receiver built-in the module is THC63LVDF84B made by Thine.

9.3 LVDS DATA FORMAT



DE: Display Enable NA: Not Available

9.4 TIMING TABLE

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60Hz to define.

A. DE MODE

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	CLK Frequency	fclk	18.6	22.45	26.5	MHz
Horizontal	Display Data	thd	640	640	640	0114
	Cycle Time	th	1240	1290	1340	CLK
Vertical	Display Data	tvd	240	240	240	1.1
	Cycle Time	tv	250	290	330	Н

B. CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CL IZ	Duty	Tcwh	45	50	55	%
CLK Cycle Time		Tcph	-	44.5	-	
Data	Setup Time	Tdsu	5	1	-	
Data	Hold Time	Tdhd	5	1	-	ns
DE	Setup Time	Tesu	5	-	-	
DE	Hold Time	Tehd	5	-	-	

9.5 TIMING CHART

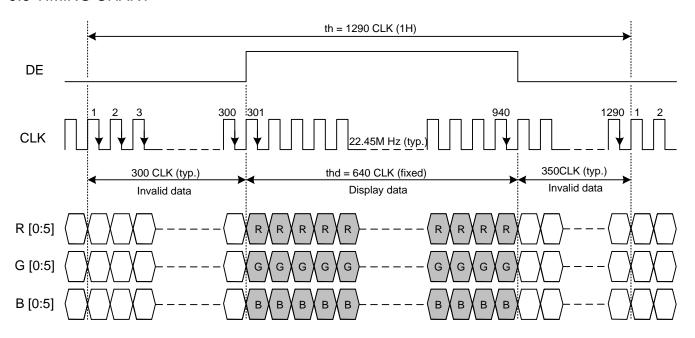


Fig. 9.1 Horizontal Timing of DE Mode

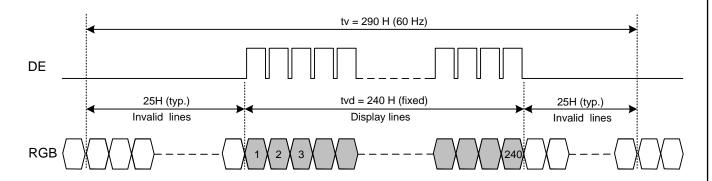


Fig. 9.2 Vertical Timing

CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

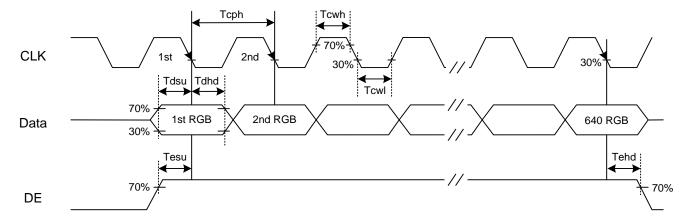
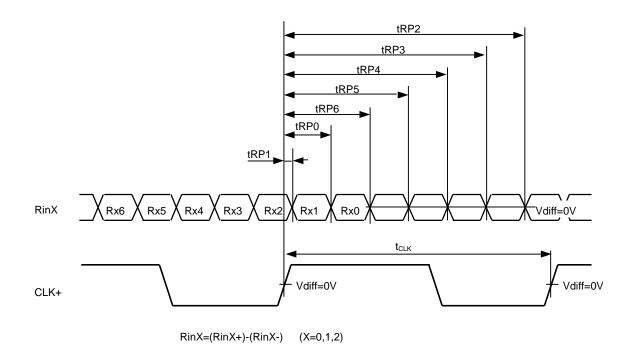


Fig. 9.3 Setup & Hold Time of Data and DE signal.

9.6 LVDS RECEIVER TIMING

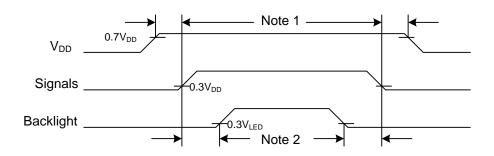


	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CLK	Frequency	1/t _{CLK}	18.6	22.45	26.5	MHz
RinX	0 data position	tRP0	1/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	1/7*t _{CLK}	1/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
(X=0,1,2)	1st data position	tRP1	-0.49	0	+0.49	
	2nd data position	tRP2	6/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	6/7* t _{CLK}	6/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
	3rd data position	tRP3	5/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	5/7* t _{CLK}	5/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	ns
	4th data position	tRP4	4/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	4/7* t _{CLK}	4/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
	5th data position	tRP5	3/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	3/7* t _{CLK}	3/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	
	6th data position	tRP6	2/7*t _{CLK} -0.49	2/7* t _{CLK}	2/7*t _{CLK} +0.49	

9.7 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

	COLOR &								[Data	Signa	al							
	Gray Scale	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (63)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (62)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red			• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	:	• •	••	•		:	••		:		:	:
			• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	:	• •	••	•		:	••		:		:	:
	Red (2)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

9.8 POWER SEQUENCE

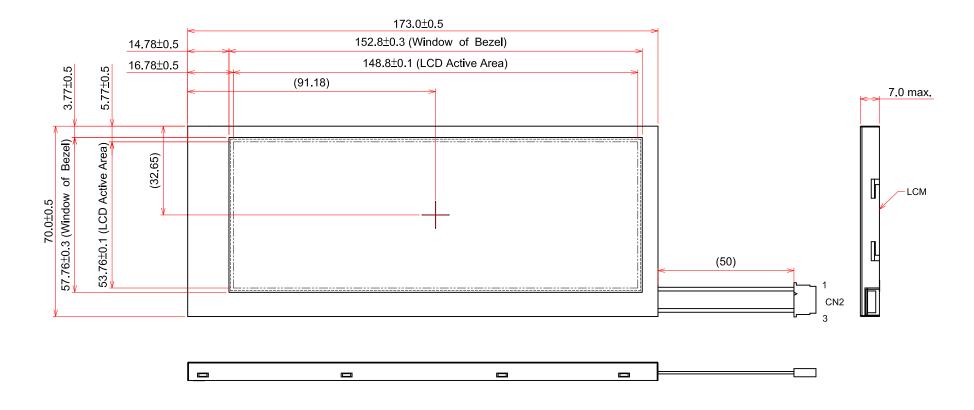


Power Sequence Timing

- Note 1: In order to avoid any damages, V_{DD} has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where V_{DD} has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second. Hot plugging might cause display damage due to incorrect power sequence, please pay attention on interface connecting before power on.
- Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.

10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

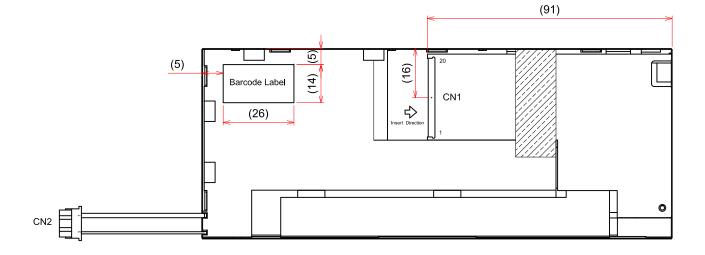
10.1 FRONT VIEW



General Tolerance: ±0.5mm

Scale: NTS Unit: mm

10.2 REAR VIEW



General Tolerance: ±0.5mm

Scale: NTS Unit: mm

11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle θ shown in Fig. 11.1 The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

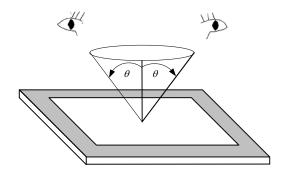


Fig. 11.1

11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 2 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section.

A zone is the LCD active area (dot area).

B zone is the area between A zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

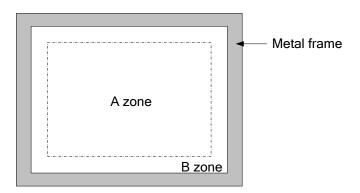


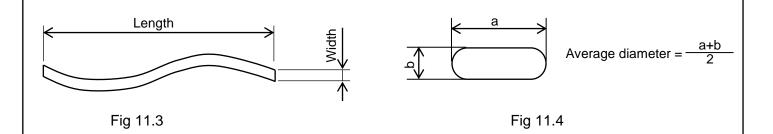
Fig. 11.2

11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 11.3 and Fig. 11.4.

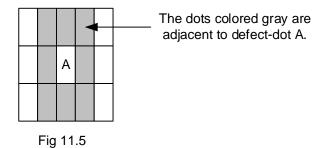
Item		Applied zone								
	Length (mm) Widtl		n (mm)	Maximum number		Minimum space				
	Ignored	W≦	0.01	Ignored	1	-				
	L≦40	W≦	0.02	10		-				
0 11	L≦20	W≦	0.04	10		-	A,B			
Scratches		Round (Dot Shape)								
	Average diameter	(mm)	Maxim	um number	Mir	nimum space				
	D≦0.2		I	gnore		-				
	D≦0.4			10		=				
Dent		Se	rious one	is not allowed			A,B			
Wrinkles in polarizer		Se	rious one	is not allowed			A,B			
	Average diar	neter (m	m)	Max	kimum r	number				
Bubbles on polarizer	D≦0.3				A,B					
Dubbles on polarizer	0.3 <d≦0.6< td=""><td colspan="3">4</td><td>А,Б</td></d≦0.6<>			4			А,Б			
	0.6 <d< td=""><td colspan="3">0</td><td></td></d<>			0						
	Length (mm)		Widt	h (mm)	Max	imum number				
	Ignored		W≦	≦0.02		Ignored	A,B			
	L≦2.0		W≦0.03			10				
1) Stains	L≦1.0		W≦	≦0.06		10				
2) Foreign Materials										
3) Dark Spot	Average diameter ((mm)	Maximum number		Minimum Space		A,B			
o) Bark opot	D≦0.2		Ignored		-					
	D≦0.3		5		-					
	D>0.3			0		-				
	In total			Filamentous +	- Round	d=10				
		Those	wiped out e	easily are accepta	able					
				ype	Maximum number		Α			
Dot-Defect	Bright dot-defed	ct		dot	1					
(Note 1)	Dark dot-defec	,		dot	2					
(11010-1)	2 adj			cent dot		0				
		In tota	al			3				

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Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, visible with 3% ND filter is defined.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, defect size over 1/2 dot area is defined.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 11.5.
- The Density of dot defect is defined in the area within diameter ϕ =10mm.



12. PRECAUTIONS

12.1 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

12.2 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition; please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not pile the displays in order to avoid any scars leaving on the display. In order to avoid any injuries, please pay more attention for the edges of glasses and metal frame, and wear finger cots to protect yourself and the display before working on it.
- 3) Touching the display area or the terminal pins with bare hand is prohibited. This is because it will stain the display area and cause poor insulation between terminal pins, and might affect display's electrical characteristics furthermore.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanently damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than 1.96×10^4 Pa. If the area of adding pressure is less than 1 cm^2 , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96×10^4 Pa.

12.3 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at $25\,\mathrm{C}^\circ$. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than ± 100 mV.

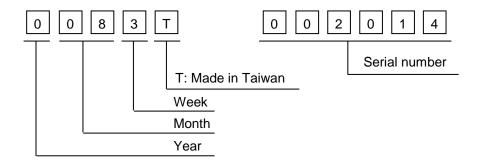
12.4 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long-term storage temperature is between 10 °C ~35 °C and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from KOE, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

13. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.3. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.



2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Mark
2020	0
2021	1
2022	2
2023	3
2024	4

Month	Mark	Month	Mark
1	01	7	07
2	02	8	08
3	03	9	09
4	04	10	10
5	05	11	11
6	06	12	12

Week (Days)	Mark
1~7	1
8~14	2
15~21	3
22~28	4
29~31	5

- 3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.
- 4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.3.

Label example:



Fig 13.3